

1977 CENSUS OF RETAIL TRADE

VOLUME 3

MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS
IN STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

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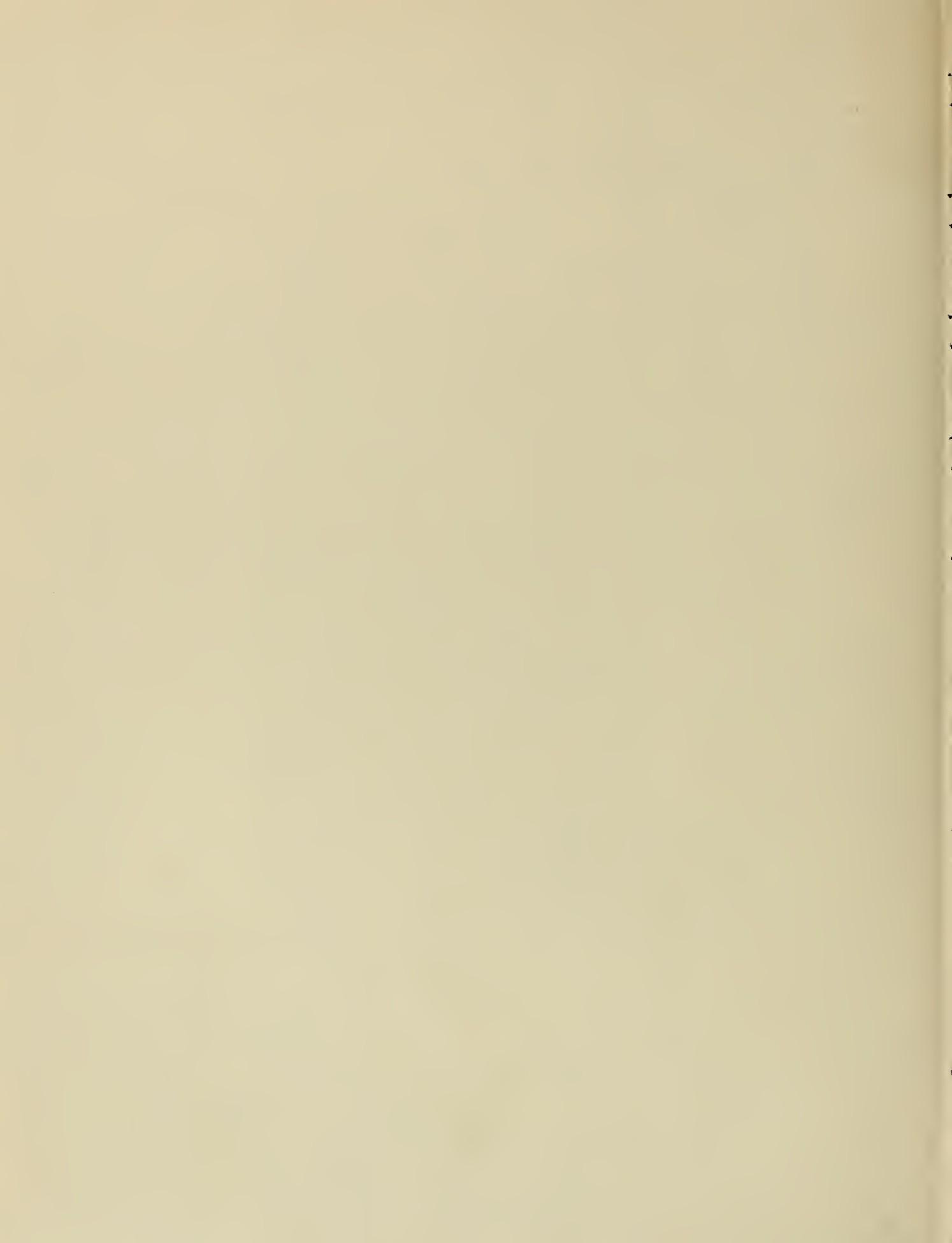
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Major Retail Centers
in Standard Metropolitan
Statistical Areas

Utah

**1977
CENSUS OF
RETAIL
TRADE**







Major Retail Centers
in Standard Metropolitan
Statistical Areas

Utah



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ACKNOWLEDGMENTS—Many persons participated in the various activities of the 1977 Census of Retail Trade. Primary direction of the program was performed by Shirley Kallek, Associate Director for Economic Fields, and Richard B. Quanrud, Assistant Director for Economic and Agriculture Censuses.

This report was prepared in the Business Division under the general direction of Tyler R. Sturdevant, Chief. Michael G. Farrell, Assistant Chief for Census Programs, was responsible for overall planning and management of the Division's census programs; he also coordinated activities with other divisions.

Planning and implementing this report were under the direction of Bobby E. Russell, Chief, Retail Census Branch, with primary staff assistance by Dennis P. Pike, Mark E. Wallace, Merrihew Scarborough, Don Overton, Scott Dillon, and John Vignali. Alvin H. Barten, assisted by Sidney O. Marcus, coordinated activities, specifications, and procedures with the other economic censuses. Computer programs were developed under the general supervision of Heyward D. Glisson, Assistant Division Chief for Data Processing. William C. Wester, Chief, Census Programming Branch, assisted by Andrew K. Nelson and Leonard S. Sammarco, was primarily responsible for planning and implementing the programs.

Bureau delineation of major retail centers was conducted by the Field Division, Richard Burt, Chief, under the direction of Darren Althouse, Chief, Economic Surveys Branch, assisted by John Guest.

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This report is a retabulation of selected data from the 1977 Census of Retail Trade previously included in the Geographic Area Series (RC77-A) of reports. The many individuals who contributed to the planning, implementation, and review of the entire census thereby helped make this report possible.

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CENSUS OF
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RC77-C

Changed January 1981

Major Retail Center Series

Final Report

CHANGE SHEET

The partial table reproduced below contains a revision to a column titling error previously published. Rather than "Payroll first quarter 1977," the column should have been titled "Payroll first quarter 1972." States for which this correction applies are listed below the table.

Table 5. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Business Districts With 100 Retail Establishments or More: 1972

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For CBD boundaries, see maps in 1972 report.]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments ¹ (number)	Sales ¹ (\$1,000)	Payroll entire year (\$1,000)	Payroll first quarter 1972 (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)
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Arizona	(RC77-C-3)	Montana	(RC77-C-27)
Delaware	(RC77-C-8)	Nebraska	(RC77-C-28)
Idaho	(RC77-C-13)	Nevada	(RC77-C-29)
Iowa	(RC77-C-16)	New Hampshire	(RC77-C-30)
Kansas	(RC77-C-17)	New Mexico	(RC77-C-32)
Maine	(RC77-C-20)	North Dakota	(RC77-C-35)
Maryland	(RC77-C-21)	Rhode Island	(RC77-C-40)
Massachusetts	(RC77-C-22)	Utah	(RC77-C-45)
Minnesota	(RC77-C-24)	Wisconsin	(RC77-C-49)
Mississippi	(RC77-C-25)		



WHAT IS IN THE TABLES

Table 1. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers and Central Business Districts In the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1977

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix E. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Standard metropolitan statistical area	City	Central business district	Major retail centers			
					No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	No. 5

Table 2. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers and Central Business Districts With 100 Retail Establishments or More: 1977

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix E. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

Table 3. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Cities in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1977

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Table 4. Statistics by Kind of Business for the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1977

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D]

Table 5. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Business Districts With 100 Retail Establishments or More: 1972

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For CBD boundaries, see maps in 1972 report]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments ¹ (number)	Sales ¹ (\$1,000)	Payroll entire year (\$1,000)	Payroll first quarter 1977 (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)
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Table 6. Percent Change in Sales, 1972 to 1977, for Central Business Districts, Cities, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, by Kind of Business

[Data are shown only for areas which have a central business district with 100 retail establishments or more. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Percent change in sales, 1972 to 1977 ¹		
		Central business district ²	City	Standard metropolitan statistical area

Table 7. Comparative Statistics for Central Business Districts, Cities, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1977

[Data are shown only for areas which have a central business district with 100 retail establishments or more. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Central business district sales as percent of sales of—		Percent distribution of sales	
		City	Standard metropolitan statistical area	Central business district	City

AIDS TO TABLE USE

DESCRIPTIONS OF MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS

The boundaries of each major retail center are described in appendix E. Descriptions begin with the north boundary and continue clockwise through all the boundaries.

MAPS

The report includes a map of each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) and of each central business district (CBD), showing CBD boundary streets, major roads, and census tracts. It also includes a map showing the location of each CBD, major retail center (MRC), and central city in the SMSA.

DOLLAR VALUES

All dollar values presented in this report are expressed in current dollars (i.e., 1977 data are expressed in 1977 dollars and 1972 data are expressed in 1972 dollars).

ABBREVIATIONS AND SYMBOLS

The following abbreviations and symbols are used in this publication:

CBD	Central Business District.
(D)	Withheld to avoid disclosing data for individual companies.
MRC	Major Retail Center.
(NA)	Not available.
(NC)	Not comparable.
SIC	Standard Industrial Classification.
SMSA	Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area.
(X)	Not applicable.
-	Zero.

INTRODUCTION

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HISTORY OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUSES

The economic censuses are comprehensive and periodic canvasses of the Nation's industrial and business activities. Taken by the Census Bureau, a part of the U.S. Department of Commerce, the censuses provide a detailed statistical profile of a large segment of the national economy.

The first economic census of the United States was conducted as part of the 1810 decennial census, when inquiries on manufacturing were included with the census of population. All other decennial censuses through 1900, except in 1830, contained questions on manufacturing. In 1904 the quinquennial census of manufacturing began. It was conducted every fifth year until 1920 and every second year from 1921 to 1939. Although some distributive trade data were collected in the decennial census of 1840, the first census of business was taken in 1929. It covered only retail and wholesale trades, but beginning with the second business census in 1933 and in succeeding censuses various services also have been included. Business censuses were subsequently taken for 1935 and 1939 and after a wartime interruption were resumed in 1948. Beginning in 1954, and continuing in the censuses of 1958, 1963, 1967, and 1972, the business censuses have been conducted concurrently with the censuses of manufactures and mineral industries. Beginning with the 1967 censuses, Congress authorized the economic censuses to be taken at 5-year intervals covering years ending in "2" and "7."

USES OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUSES

The economic censuses are the primary source of facts about the structure and functioning of the economy and, therefore, provide information essential for both government and business. The censuses furnish an important part of the framework for such composite measures as the national accounts. In forecasting and planning, they are especially useful in analyzing the national product in terms of the transactions that determine its size and composition. The economic censuses also provide weights and benchmarks for indexes of industrial production, productivity, and price, all of which are essential for understanding current economic developments.

Manufacturers and distributors make widespread use of the economic censuses in establishing measures of their potential markets by areas, kinds of businesses, and kinds of products. Management in various industries and trades get facts from them

for use in economic or sales forecasting, analyzing sales performance, laying out sales territories, allocating advertising budgets, and locating plants, warehouses, and stores. Trade organizations use census statistics for insight into changes in the structure of industry. State and local governments use the geographic detail that describes the patterns of economic change in individual communities. Local business organizations and research groups do too.

Following every census, reports are purchased by thousands of businesses and other users; likewise, census facts are widely disseminated by trade associations, business journals, and the daily press. Volumes containing census statistics are available in most major public and college libraries.

AUTHORITY AND SCOPE OF THE ECONOMIC CENSUSES

The economic censuses are required by law under title 13 of the United States Code, sections 131, 191, and 224, which direct that they be taken at 5-year intervals. The 1977 Economic Censuses covered manufacturing, mining and quarrying, construction industries, retail trade, wholesale trade, service industries, and selected transportation activities. The next economic censuses are scheduled to be taken in 1983 covering the year 1982.

CENSUS OF RETAIL TRADE

The 1977 Census of Retail Trade, part of the 1977 Economic Censuses, covered retail trade as defined in the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual.¹ It included all establishments primarily engaged in selling merchandise for personal or household consumption and rendering services incidental to the sale of the goods. It excluded governmental organizations classified in the covered industries except for liquor stores operated by State and local governments. It also excluded data for direct sellers (SIC 5963) with no paid employees and post exchanges, ship stores, and similar establishments operated on military posts by agencies of the Federal Government. In the Major Retail Center series of reports only, data for nonstore retailers (SIC 596) were excluded. The basic tabulations in this report do not include data for central administrative offices (CAO's), captive warehouses, and other units which service or are auxiliary to retail establishments within the same organization. Data for CAO's and auxiliaries will be found in a subsequent report issued as part of the subject series of the 1977 Enterprise Statistics survey.

¹ Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1972. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Stock No. 4101-0066. Price \$6.75. 1977 Supplement. Stock No. 003-005-00176-0. Price 90 cents.

For the 1977 Census of Retail Trade, large- and medium-size firms, plus all firms known to operate more than one establishment, were sent questionnaires to be completed and returned to the Bureau by mail. For most very small firms, including those with no paid employees, data from existing records of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and the Social Security Administration (SSA) were used instead. The two sources produced basic information on location, kind of business, volume of sales and payrolls, and number of employees. In addition, more detailed information for selected kinds of business was obtained on the various questionnaires.

Appendix A gives a more detailed explanation of census coverage and methodology.

MAJOR RETAIL CENTERS

This report represents a recompilation of data collected in the 1977 Census of Retail Trade into the two types of areas which have been delineated for the report: (1) Central business districts (CBD's); and (2) major retail centers (MRC's). The report covers each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) in the State and presents statistics for these concentrations of retail stores located in each SMSA.

Delineation

The delineation of central business districts was determined in consultation with local census statistical areas committees (CSAC's). However, some eligible cities do not have a CBD because they chose not to participate in the CBD delineation program. The CSAC's were also invited to participate for the first time in both the delineation of major retail centers and the listing of stores in the delineated areas, following guidelines provided by the Bureau. Approximately 85 percent of the CSAC's participated. In preparing for the evaluation and implementation of the MRC program, the Bureau suggested that a broad cross section of local data users involved with retail trade data be urged to provide input to the CSAC.

A major advantage was realized by CSAC's which chose to participate in the MRC delineation program. The people most familiar with the local metropolitan area and its concentration of retail activity became involved in delineating the MRC's in their own areas. In areas where CSAC's did not participate, a Bureau employee did the delineation of MRC's and the listing of stores in the delineated areas. Appendix F identifies which areas were delineated by CSAC's and which were delineated by the Bureau.

Central Business District

A "central business district," as defined by the Bureau, is the defined downtown retail area of an SMSA central city, or other SMSA city of 50,000 or more persons. A CBD is an area of very high land valuation; high concentration of retail businesses, offices, theaters, hotels, and "service" businesses; and high traffic flow. It is defined by existing census tract boundaries and consists of one or more whole census tracts. Census tracts are small, relatively permanent areas into which large cities and adjacent areas have been divided to show comparable small-area

statistics. Data for CBD's are published only in reports of the census of retail trade.

In 1972, CBD's were enumerated only for SMSA cities with 100,000 inhabitants or more. The CBD definition for 1977 was changed so that areas defined as downtown business areas (DBA's) in the 1972 censuses became CBD's for the 1977 censuses.

Major Retail Center

A "major retail center" is a concentration of at least 25 retail stores¹ located inside an SMSA but outside a CBD. At least one of the 25 stores must be a general merchandise store (SIC 53) with a minimum of 100,000 square feet of total under-roof floor space.² MRC's include planned suburban shopping centers as well as unplanned centers such as older "string streets" (continuous businesses along a thoroughfare with few cross streets containing any businesses) and combinations of planned and unplanned centers. Where the MRC is a planned center, the boundaries encompass all retail stores in the center. Where the MRC is an unplanned center, each block within the boundaries should have at least one general merchandise store (SIC 53); apparel store (SIC 56); furniture, home furnishings and equipment store (SIC 57); or miscellaneous shopping goods store (SIC 594). MRC's are defined in SMSA's existing as of December 31, 1977, except for the last five SMSA's defined (see Geographic Areas Covered). Data for MRC's are published only in the census of retail trade.

In 1972, MRC's were defined by the Bureau as those concentrations of retail stores (located inside the standard metropolitan statistical area but outside the CBD) having at least \$5 million in retail sales and at least 10 retail establishments, one of which was classified as a department store (SIC 531).

Historical Data

The report on major retail centers was begun as a part of the 1954 Census of Business, which provided data for 95 CBD's. In the 1958 Census of Business, data were published for 109 CBD's and, for the first time, for 472 MRC's located in 97 SMSA's. The 1963 Census of Business included data for 131 CBD's and 972 MRC's located in 116 SMSA's. In the 1967 Census of Business, the program was expanded to cover all 230 SMSA's, containing 134 CBD's and 1,556 MRC's. The 1972 Census of Retail Trade covered 259 SMSA's, containing 144 CBD's and 2,137 MRC's.

The scope of the MRC program was modified slightly for the 1977 censuses so that the Bureau could continue to publish MRC data but remain within funding limitations. (These modifications are described in the definitions of CBD's and MRC's above.) The 1977 Census of Retail Trade covered 272 SMSA's containing 386 CBD's and approximately 1,450 MRC's.

¹ An MRC which had 25 stores or more at time enumeration was done may have had less than 25 stores at end of 1977. Thus data may be shown for a few MRC's which presently have less than 25 stores.

² Minimum square footage criterion was waived in a few special cases at request of local CSAC.

CENSUS DISCLOSURE RULES

In accordance with Federal law governing census reports, no data are published that would disclose the operations of an individual establishment or business. However, the number of establishments in a kind of business classification is not considered a disclosure so this item may be given even though other information is withheld.

Because most MRC's and several CBD's tend to have a relatively small number of establishments, it generally is not possible to provide separate kind-of-business data (except for establishment counts) for these small areas without disclosing operations of individual establishments. For this reason, data on payroll and number of employees are limited to totals and sales data are limited to only—

1. Total retail stores.¹ ²
2. Convenience goods stores, i.e., food stores (SIC 54), eating and drinking places (SIC 58), and drug and proprietary stores (SIC 591).
3. Shopping goods (GAF) stores, i.e., general merchandise stores (SIC 53), apparel and accessory stores (SIC 56), furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores (SIC 57), and miscellaneous shopping goods stores (SIC 594).

¹ For all establishments, including those with no payroll.

² Excludes SIC 596, nonstore retailers (mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling establishments).

4. All other stores (SIC's 52, 55, and 59 except 591, 594, and 596).

For those MRC's and CBD's which had more than 100 retail stores, separate kind-of-business data are presented for establishment count, sales, payroll, and number of employees.

Data for nonstore retailers are not included in the Major Retail Centers report. For the definitions of the kind-of-business categories for which data are shown, see "Kind-of-Business Classifications" in appendix A.

GEOGRAPHIC AREAS COVERED

This series of reports presents data for establishments located in CBD's and MRC's in SMSA's in each State. The SMSA's covered are those defined by the Office of Management and Budget as of December 31, 1977, except for the last five SMSA's defined: Bradenton, Fla.; Grand Forks, N. Dak.-Minn.; Kokomo, Ind.; Lawrence, Kans.; and Panama City, Fla. These SMSA's were defined too late to be included in the 1977 MRC program. In addition to MRC and CBD data, data are shown for each SMSA in the State and for each central city and all other SMSA cities of 50,000 inhabitants or more for which a CBD was defined by a local census area committee. Data for SMSA's which cross State lines appear only in the report for the State in which the SMSA is primarily located.

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The following are common to each SMSA which has a central business district and at least one major retail center. Applicable tables and maps have been omitted in areas where either no central business district or no major retail center existed.

MAPS

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area	
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Major Retail Centers	

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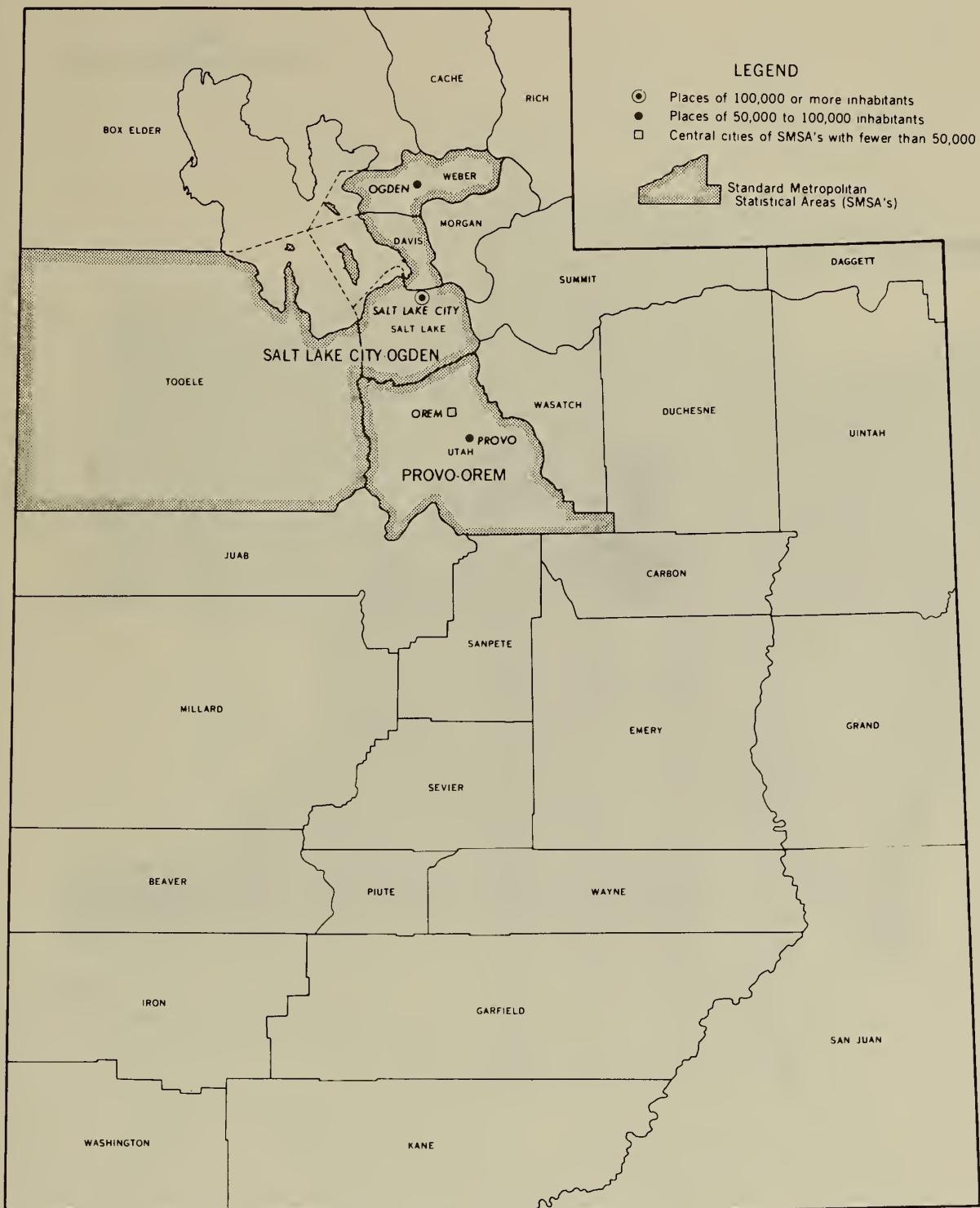
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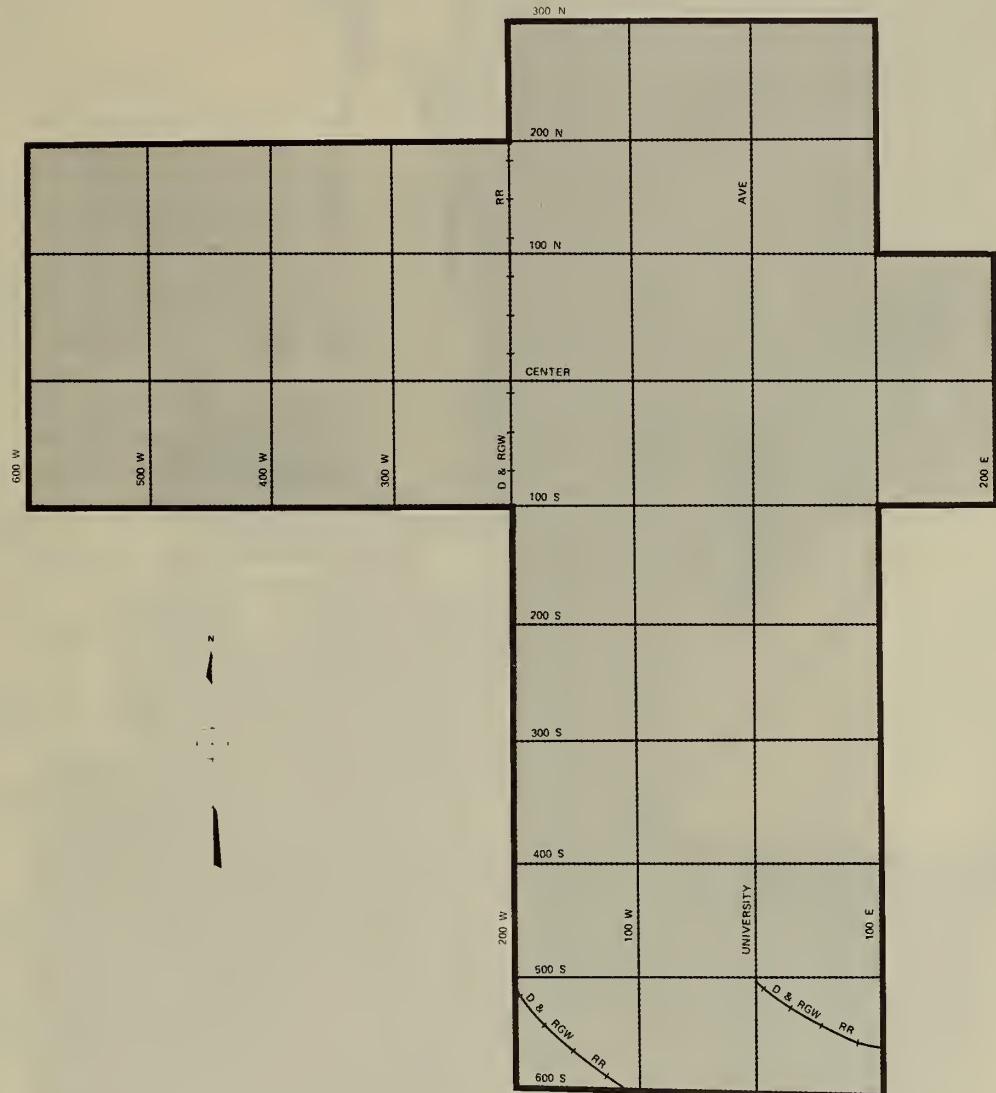


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PROVO-OREM**Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area**

PROVO-OREM

Provo Central Business District

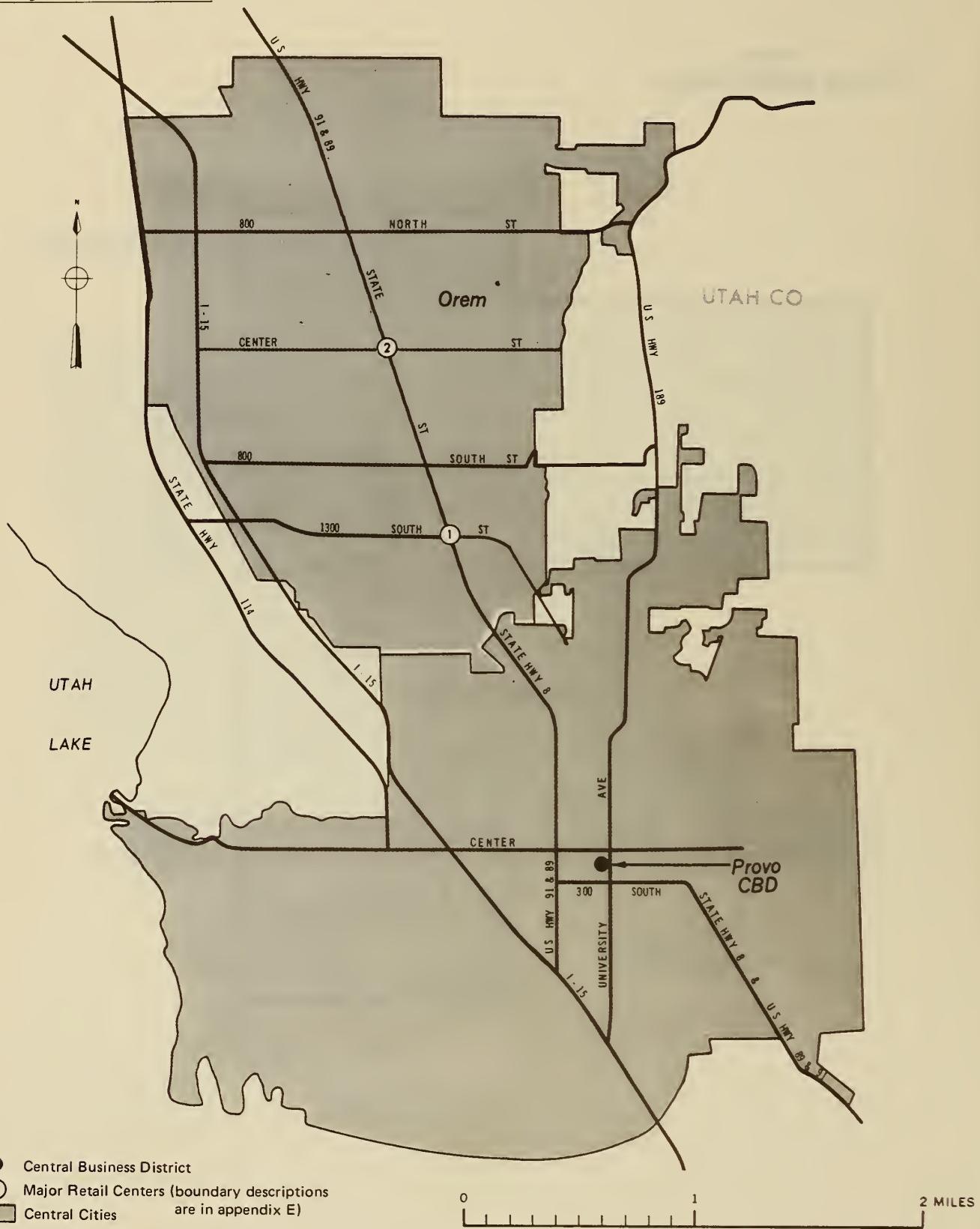


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Major Retail Centers



● Central Business District

① Major Retail Centers (boundary descriptions
are in appendix E)

Central Cities

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Table 1. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers and Central Business Districts in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1977

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix E. For CBD boundaries, see maps]						
SIC code	Kind of business	Standard metropolitan statistical area	City	Central business district	Major retail centers	
					No. 1	No. 2
	Retail stores: ^{1, 2}					
	Number -	1 219	396	142	140	52
	Sales (\$1,000) -	499 626	190 524	70 042	97 825	45 123
	Payroll entire year (\$1,000) -	53 800	22 456	9 887	11 336	4 853
	Paid employees for week including March 12 -	9 640	3 652	1 390	2 268	810
54, 58, 591	Convenience goods stores:					
	Number -	365	117	31	33	17
	Sales (\$1,000) -	(D)	57 985	9 922	17 347	16 154
53, 56, 57; 594	Shopping goods stores (GAF): ³					
	Number -	410	132	70	89	19
	Sales (\$1,000) -	143 314	(D)	30 844	67 022	(D)
52, 55, 59, ex. 591, 4, 6	All other stores:					
	Number -	444	147	41	18	16
	Sales (\$1,000) -	(D)	(D)	29 276	13 456	(D)
	Number of Establishments					
	Retail stores ^{1, 2} -	1 219	396	142	140	52
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -	69	19	5	3	4
525	Hardware stores -	14	2	-	1	-
52 ex. 525	Other -	55	17	5	2	4
53	General merchandise group stores -	34	5	2	5	3
531	Department stores ⁴ -	6	1	1	3	2
533	Variety stores -	11	3	1	-	1
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores -	17	1	-	2	-
54	Food stores ⁵ -	134	36	5	10	4
541	Grocery stores -	80	19	2	4	2
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -	111	34	9	3	7
554	Gasoline service stations -	139	42	7	5	4
56	Apparel and accessory stores -	95	30	24	38	2
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -	16	7	6	7	-
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -	28	6	6	13	1
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -	26	6	6	13	-
565	Family clothing stores -	24	9	5	6	-
566	Shoe stores -	15	5	5	8	1
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -	12	3	2	4	-
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores -	135	41	19	18	6
5712	Furniture stores -	25	8	2	4	1
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -	60	15	3	6	3
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -	50	18	14	8	2
58	Eating and drinking places -	203	72	21	19	12
5812	Eating places -	186	68	20	18	12
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -	17	4	1	1	-
591	Drug and proprietary stores -	28	9	5	4	1
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁶ -	271	108	45	35	9
592	Liquor stores -	7	-	-	-	-
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores -	146	56	25	28	8
5992	Florists -	22	6	3	-	-

¹Excludes SIC 596, nonstore retailers (mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling establishments).

²For all establishments, including those with no payroll.

³Stores in general merchandise, apparel, and furniture major groups, and miscellaneous shopping goods group. These stores specialize in department store merchandise.

⁴Includes sales from catalog order desks.

⁵Includes data not covered by SIC 541.

⁶Includes data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

Table 2. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers and Central Business Districts With 100 Retail Establishments or More: 1977

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix E. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments ¹ (number)	Sales ¹ (\$1,000)	Payroll entire year (\$1,000)	Payroll first quarter 1977 (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)
	Provo CBD					
	Retail stores ² -----	142	70 042	9 887	2 212	1 390
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	5	7 931	1 385	281	126
525	Hardware stores -----	-	-	-	-	-
52 ex. 525	Other -----	5	7 931	1 385	281	126
53	General merchandise group stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
531	Department stores ³ -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
533	Variety stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores -----	-	-	-	-	-
54	Food stores ⁴ -----	5	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
541	Grocery stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	9	17 068	1 547	334	131
554	Gasoline service stations -----	7	1 751	146	34	26
56	Apparel and accessory stores -----	24	6 573	1 021	247	189
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	6	1 087	191	51	30
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	6	1 220	172	39	43
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	6	1 220	172	39	43
565	Family clothing stores -----	5	3 310	473	109	91
566	Shoe stores -----	5	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores -----	19	5 889	745	165	95
5712	Furniture stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -----	14	5 312	679	158	89
58	Eating and drinking places -----	21	2 823	785	193	224
5812	Eating places -----	20	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	5	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁵ -----	45	7 420	1 132	282	194
592	Liquor stores -----	-	-	-	-	-
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores -----	25	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5992	Florists -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers and Central Business Districts With 100 Retail Establishments or More: 1977—Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix E. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments ¹ (number)	Sales ¹ (\$1,000)	Payroll entire year (\$1,000)	Payroll first quarter 1977 (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)
	MRC No. 1					
	Retail stores ² -----	140	97 825	11 336	2 748	2 268
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	3	4 644	650	130	87
525	Hardware stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
52 ex. 525	Other -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores -----	5	39 851	4 073	1 039	681
531	Department stores ³ -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
533	Variety stores -----	~	-	-	-	-
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
54	Food stores ⁴ -----	10	11 267	1 080	284	177
541	Grocery stores -----	4	10 507	984	264	144
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
554	Gasoline service stations -----	5	3 155	125	30	38
56	Apparel and accessory stores -----	38	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	7	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	13	3 164	338	83	91
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	13	3 164	338	83	91
565	Family clothing stores -----	6	3 059	372	81	85
566	Shoe stores -----	8	2 305	287	70	52
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	4	789	99	21	25
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores -----	18	5 822	730	163	79
5712	Furniture stores -----	4	1 556	202	35	26
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	6	2 128	322	80	26
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -----	8	2 138	206	48	27
58	Eating and drinking places -----	19	4 315	1 189	253	542
5812	Eating places -----	18	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	4	1 765	248	76	75
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁵ -----	35	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
592	Liquor stores -----	-	-	-	-	-
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores -----	28	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5992	Florists -----	-	-	-	-	-

¹For all establishments, including those with no payroll.

²Excludes SIC 596, nonstore retailers (mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling establishments).

³Includes sales from catalog order desks.

⁴Includes data not covered by SIC 541.

⁵Includes data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

Table 3. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Cities in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1977

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments ¹ (number)	Sales ¹ (\$1,000)	Payroll entire year (\$1,000)	Payroll first quarter 1977 (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)
	Provo					
	Retail stores ² -----	396	190 524	22 456	5 317	3 652
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	19	14 909	2 149	461	192
525	Hardware stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
52 ex. 525	Other -----	17	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores -----	5	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
531	Department stores ³ -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
533	Variety stores-----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores-----	1	(D)	-	-	-
54	Food stores ⁴ -----	36	37 943	3 549	845	570
541	Grocery stores -----	19	34 813	(D)	(D)	(D)
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	34	61 359	4 979	1 221	456
554	Gasoline service stations-----	42	11 475	834	212	176
56	Apparel and accessory stores -----	30	7 064	1 068	260	201
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	7	1 254	201	53	31
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	6	1 220	172	39	43
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	6	1 220	172	39	43
565	Family clothing stores -----	9	3 578	493	115	98
566	Shoe stores -----	5	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores-----	41	10 465	1 391	372	149
5712	Furniture stores -----	8	3 998	594	180	41
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	15	667	(D)	(D)	(D)
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -----	18	5 800	(D)	(D)	(D)
58	Eating and drinking places-----	72	13 737	3 396	778	1 118
5812	Eating places -----	68	13 399	3 357	767	1 100
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages)-----	4	338	39	11	18
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	9	6 305	981	220	134
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁵ -----	108	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
592	Liquor stores -----	-	-	-	-	-
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores -----	56	8 483	1 003	251	210
5992	Florists -----	6	658	(D)	(D)	(D)

¹For all establishments, including those with no payroll.

²Excludes SIC 596, nonstore retailers (mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling establishments).

³Includes sales from catalog order desks.

⁴Includes data not covered by SIC 541.

⁵Includes data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

Table 4. Statistics by Kind of Business for the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1977

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments ¹ (number)	Sales ¹ (\$1,000)	Payroll entire year (\$1,000)	Payroll first quarter 1977 (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)
	Provo-Orem, Utah, SMSA					
	Retail stores ² -----	1 219	499 626	53 800	12 535	9 640
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	69	42 228	4 496	908	474
525	Hardware stores -----	14	3 725	300	62	47
52 ex. 525	Other -----	55	38 503	4 196	846	427
53	General merchandise group stores -----	34	70 226	(D)	(D)	(D)
531	Department stores ³ -----	6	63 677	7 519	1 785	1 166
533	Variety stores-----	11	2 712	346	82	99
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores-----	17	3 637	(D)	(D)	(D)
54	Food stores ⁴ -----	134	101 943	9 196	2 161	1 536
541	Grocery stores -----	80	94 768	8 454	1 977	1 323
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	111	111 606	9 073	2 125	838
554	Gasoline service stations-----	139	41 863	2 552	639	596
56	Apparel and accessory stores-----	95	22 656	2 795	664	609
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	16	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	28	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	26	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
565	Family clothing stores -----	24	8 321	1 106	251	230
566	Shoe stores -----	15	2 976	435	109	69
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	12	2 057	(D)	(D)	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores-----	135	27 854	3 288	799	386
5712	Furniture stores -----	25	10 235	(D)	(D)	(D)
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	60	6 122	(D)	(D)	(D)
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores-----	50	11 497	1 223	289	167
58	Eating and drinking places-----	203	32 127	7 930	1 770	2 750
5812	Eating places -----	186	30 735	7 653	1 696	2 655
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -----	17	1 392	277	74	95
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	28	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁵ -----	271	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
592	Liquor stores -----	7	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores-----	146	22 578	2 663	672	497
5992	Florists -----	22	1 743	280	74	86

¹For all establishments, including those with no payroll.

²Excludes SIC 596, nonstore retailers (mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling establishments).

³Includes sales from catalog order desks.

⁴Includes data not covered by SIC 541.

⁵Includes data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

Table 5. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Business Districts With 100 Retail Establishments or More: 1972

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For CBD boundaries, see maps in 1972 report]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments ¹ (number)	Sales ¹ (\$1,000)	Payroll entire year (\$1,000)	Payroll first quarter 1977 (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)
	Provo					
	Retail stores ² -----	131	53 552	7 061	1 553	1 511
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	4	2 261	376	86	81
525	Hardware stores -----	-	-	-	-	-
52 ex. 525	Other -----	4	2 261	376	86	81
53	General merchandise group stores -----	6	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
531	Department stores ³ -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
533	Variety stores-----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores-----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
54	Food stores -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	10	12 149	1 066	226	116
554	Gasoline service stations -----	13	1 020	85	16	35
56	Apparel and accessory stores -----	28	6 646	1 049	249	242
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	8	1 948	294	70	52
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	11	2 651	385	97	104
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	11	2 651	385	97	104
565	Family clothing stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
566	Shoe stores -----	6	835	125	26	25
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores -----	13	3 434	460	100	65
5712	Furniture stores -----	4	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -----	8	2 282	287	53	37
58	Eating and drinking places -----	18	2 404	576	127	297
5812	Eating places -----	16	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	4	1 671	263	68	71
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁴ -----	32	5 127	650	145	131
592	Liquor stores -----	-	-	-	-	-
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores -----	18	3 402	389	86	100
5992	Florists -----	-	-	-	-	-

¹For all establishments, including those with no payroll.

²Excludes SIC 596, nonstore retailers (mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling establishments).

³Includes sales from catalog order desks.

⁴Includes data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

Table 6. Percent Change in Sales, 1972 to 1977, for Central Business Districts, Cities, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, by Kind of Business

[Data are shown only for areas which have a central business district with 100 retail establishments or more. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Percent change in sales, 1972 to 1977 ¹		
		Central business district	City	Standard metropolitan statistical area
	Provo			
	Retail stores ² -----	30.8	(NA)	105.2
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	(NC)	(NA)	121.4
525	Hardware stores -----	-	(NA)	(D)
52 ex. 525	Other -----	(NC)	(NA)	113.1
53	General merchandise group stores -----	(D)	(NA)	(D)
531	Department stores ³ -----	(D)	(NA)	(NC)
533	Variety stores-----	-38.4	(NA)	(D)
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores-----	(D)	(NA)	7.3
54	Food stores ⁴ -----	68.9	(NA)	99.2
541	Grocery stores-----	(NA)	(NA)	101.4
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	40.5	(NA)	138.9
554	Gasoline service stations-----	71.7	(NA)	57.3
56	Apparel and accessory stores-----	-1.1	(NA)	103.0
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	-44.2	(NA)	-10.0
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	-54.0	(NA)	(D)
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	-54.0	(NA)	70.0
565	Family clothing stores -----	(D)	(NA)	(NC)
566	Shoe stores -----	(D)	(NA)	(D)
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	-15.8	(NA)	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores-----	71.5	(NA)	113.5
5712	Furniture stores -----	-55.2	(NA)	59.2
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	170.4	(NA)	101.4
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores-----	132.8	(NA)	(NC)
58	Eating and drinking places-----	17.4	(NA)	113.2
5812	Eating places -----	16.4	(NA)	123.0
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -----	52.2	(NA)	8.6
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	(D)	(NA)	-10.9
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁵ -----	44.7	(NA)	(D)
592	Liquor stores -----	-	(NA)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores-----	(D)	(NA)	(NC)
5992	Florists -----	(D)	(NA)	(D)

¹Data are not adjusted for boundary changes between census years. Sales taxes and finance charges were included in 1972 but not in 1977.

²Excludes SIC 596, nonstore retailers (mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling establishments).

³Includes sales from catalog order desks.

⁴Includes data not covered by SIC 541.

⁵Includes data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

Table 7. Comparative Statistics for Central Business Districts, Cities, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1977

[Data are shown only for areas which have a central business district with 100 retail establishments or more. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Central business district sales as percent of sales of—		Percent distribution of sales		
		City	Standard metropolitan statistical area	Central business district	City	Standard metropolitan statistical area
	Provo					
	Retail stores ¹ -----	36.8	14.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	53.2	18.8	11.3	7.8	8.5
525 52 ex. 525	Hardware stores -----	(D)	—	—	(D)	0.7
	Other -----	(D)	20.6	11.3	(D)	7.7
53	General merchandise group stores -----	94.8	(D)	(D)	(D)	14.1
531	Department stores ² -----	100.0	(D)	(D)	(D)	12.7
533	Variety stores-----	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	0.5
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores-----	(D)	—	(D)	(D)	0.8
54	Food stores ³ -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	19.9	20.4
541	Grocery stores-----	(D)	(D)	(D)	18.3	19.0
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	27.8	15.3	24.4	32.2	22.3
554	Gasoline service stations-----	15.3	4.2	2.5	6.0	8.4
56	Apparel and accessory stores-----	93.0	29.0	9.4	3.7	4.5
561 562, 3, 8	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	86.7	(D)	1.6	0.7	(D)
	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	100.0	(D)	1.7	(D)	(D)
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	100.0	(D)	1.7	0.6	(D)
565	Family clothing stores -----	92.5	39.8	4.7	1.9	1.7
566	Shoe stores -----	100.0	(D)	(D)	0.3	0.6
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	87.3	(D)	(D)	(D)	0.4
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores-----	56.3	21.1	8.4	5.5	5.6
5712 5713, 4, 9 572, 3	Furniture stores -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	2.1	2.0
	Home furnishings stores -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	0.4	1.2
	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -----	91.6	46.2	7.6	3.0	2.3
58	Eating and drinking places-----	20.6	8.8	4.0	7.2	6.4
5812 5813	Eating places -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	7.0	6.2
	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	0.2	0.3
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	(D)	9.3	(D)	3.3	(D)
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁴ -----	(D)	(D)	10.6	(D)	(D)
592 594 5992	Liquor stores -----	—	(D)	(D)	—	(D)
	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	4.5	4.5
	Florists -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	0.3	0.3

¹Excludes SIC 596, nonstore retailers (mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling establishments).

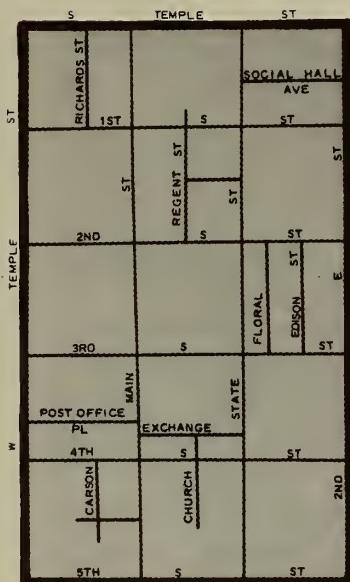
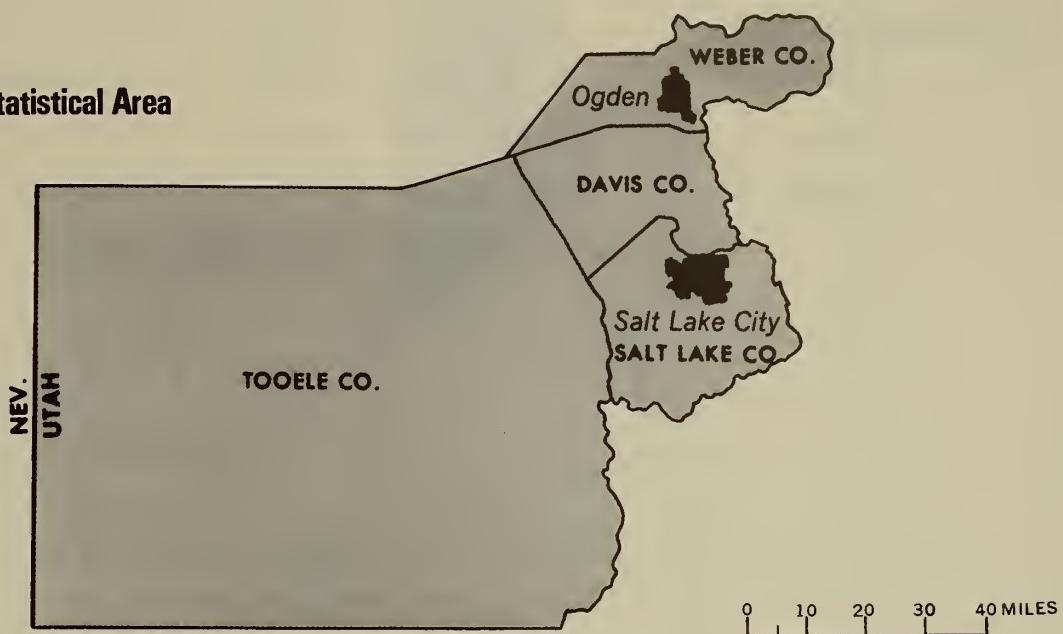
²Includes sales from catalog order desks.

³Includes data not covered by SIC 541.

⁴Includes data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

SALT LAKE CITY-OGDEN

Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area



Salt Lake City Central Business District

Comprising Census Tract 1022



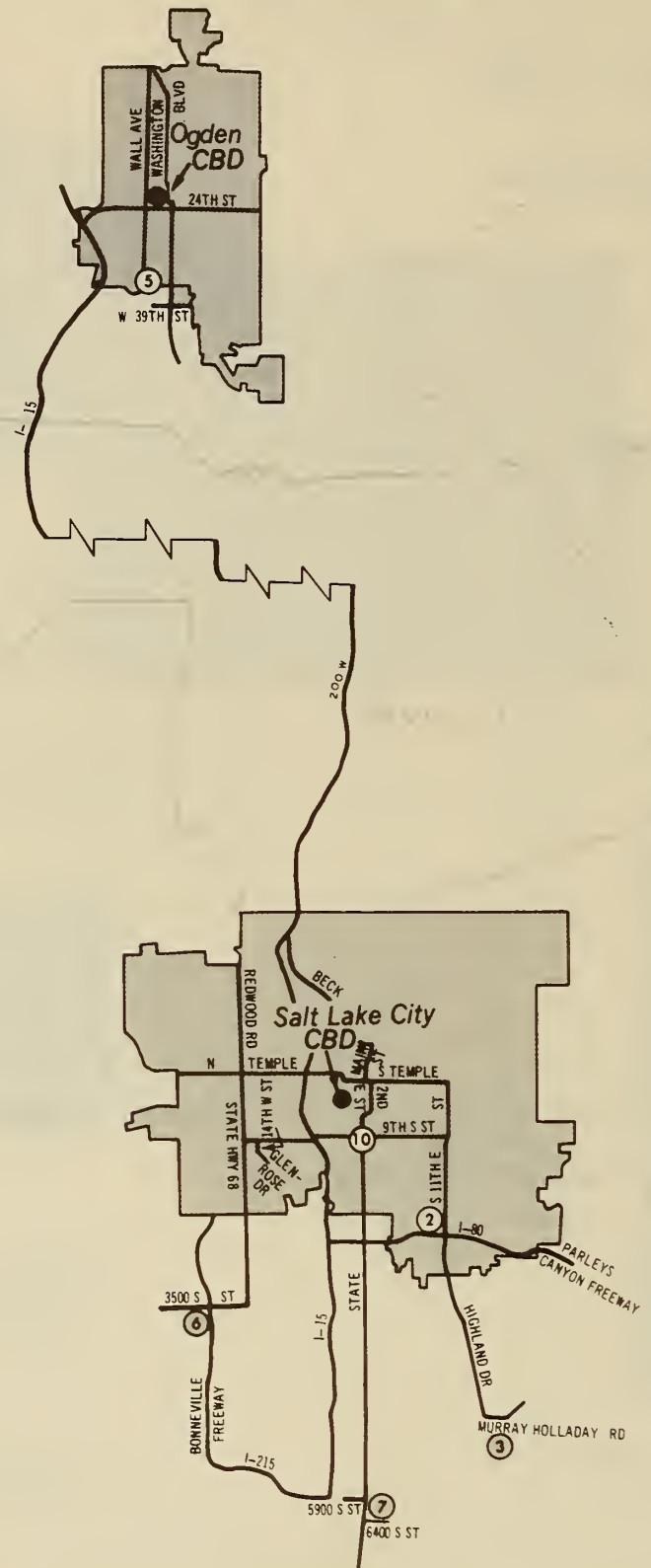
Ogden Central Business District

Comprising Census Tract 2011

SALT LAKE CITY-OGDEN

Major Retail Centers

(Nos. 1, 4, 8, and 9 Unassigned)



- Central Business Districts
 - ○ Major Retail Centers (boundary descriptions are in appendix E)
 - Central Cities



Table 1. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers and Central Business Districts in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1977

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix E. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Standard metropolitan statistical area	Cities		Central business districts	
			Salt Lake City	Ogden	Salt Lake City	Ogden
	Retail stores:^{1, 2}					
	Number -----	5 760	1 828	642	292	166
	Sales (\$1,000) -----	2 840 789	884 106	(D)	171 295	67 687
	Payroll entire year (\$1,000) -----	330 276	117 942	38 926	26 357	9 984
	Paid employees for week including March 12 -----	55 541	19 804	6 346	4 325	1 592
54, 58, 591	Convenience goods stores:					
	Number -----	1 945	696	217	109	55
	Sales (\$1,000) -----	857 870	(D)	(D)	19 370	4 356
53, 56, 57; 594	Shopping goods stores (GAF):³					
	Number -----	1 777	558	185	125	78
	Sales (\$1,000) -----	833 174	(D)	(D)	109 216	48 498
52, 55, 59, ex. 591, 4, 6	All other stores:					
	Number -----	2 038	574	240	58	33
	Sales (\$1,000) -----	1 149 745	339 002	(D)	42 709	14 833
	Number of Establishments					
	Retail stores^{1, 2} -----	5 760	1 828	642	292	166
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	275	62	38	3	5
525	Hardware stores -----	47	11	6	1	2
52 ex. 525	Other -----	228	51	32	2	3
53	General merchandise group stores -----	115	27	11	6	3
531	Department stores ⁴ -----	40	11	5	3	3
533	Variety stores -----	31	6	4	1	-
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores -----	44	10	2	2	-
54	Food stores⁵ -----	564	190	57	21	8
541	Grocery stores -----	324	120	33	6	-
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	481	115	73	6	7
554	Gasoline service stations -----	581	165	61	3	7
56	Apparel and accessory stores -----	450	152	51	53	30
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	74	35	11	18	7
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	158	57	15	16	10
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	121	45	13	12	8
565	Family clothing stores -----	79	21	7	5	5
566	Shoe stores -----	92	24	16	12	7
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	47	15	2	2	1
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores -----	619	183	56	21	18
5712	Furniture stores -----	153	49	9	5	7
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	249	61	15	3	1
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -----	217	73	32	13	10
58	Eating and drinking places -----	1 237	462	144	83	45
5812	Eating places -----	1 043	401	110	66	26
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -----	194	61	34	17	19
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	144	44	16	5	2
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores⁶ -----	1 294	428	135	91	41
592	Liquor stores -----	48	18	4	2	2
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores -----	593	196	67	45	27
5992	Florists -----	88	30	9	2	4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers and Central Business Districts in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1977—Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix E. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Major retail centers					
		No. 2	No. 3	No. 5	No. 6	No. 7	No. 10
	Retail stores: ^{1, 2}						
	Number -----	113	70	101	85	92	110
	Sales (\$1,000) -----	71 811	57 597	102 683	48 034	65 648	186 142
	Payroll entire year (\$1,000) -----	10 804	7 089	11 972	6 176	9 562	19 583
	Paid employees for week including March 12 -----	1 467	1 267	1 735	1 085	1 534	1 949
54, 58, 591	Convenience goods stores:						
	Number -----	27	11	26	16	14	22
	Sales (\$1,000) -----	16 149	6 948	24 882	6 978	5 564	8 840
53, 56, 57; 594	Shopping goods stores (GAF): ³						
	Number -----	59	52	44	59	71	24
	Sales (\$1,000) -----	47 914	49 381	(D)	37 938	59 184	42 967
52, 55, 59, ex. 591, 4, 6	All other stores:						
	Number -----	27	7	31	10	7	64
	Sales (\$1,000) -----	7 748	1 268	(D)	3 118	900	134 335
	Number of Establishments						
	Retail stores ^{1, 2} -----	113	70	101	85	92	110
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	8	-	6	-	-	6
525	Hardware stores -----	-	-	-	-	-	-
52 ex. 525	Other -----	8	-	6	-	-	6
53	General merchandise group stores -----	5	5	5	6	3	3
531	Department stores ⁴ -----	3	4	3	2	3	2
533	Variety stores -----	2	1	1	1	-	-
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores -----	-	-	1	3	-	1
54	Food stores ⁵ -----	6	6	7	7	6	4
541	Grocery stores -----	3	1	6	2	-	2
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	3	2	17	3	-	45
554	Gasoline service stations -----	4	-	4	1	1	4
56	Apparel and accessory stores -----	12	21	9	33	45	3
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	2	5	1	5	8	1
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	3	8	11	11	17	-
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	3	7	9	9	14	-
565	Family clothing stores -----	1	3	4	4	3	1
566	Shoe stores -----	2	5	2	10	12	-
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	4	-	1	3	5	1
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores -----	24	10	14	8	3	12
5712	Furniture stores -----	11	-	3	1	-	2
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	5	-	3	1	1	3
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -----	8	10	8	6	2	7
58	Eating and drinking places -----	20	4	15	8	7	18
5812	Eating places -----	17	4	14	7	7	13
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -----	3	-	1	1	-	5
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	1	1	4	1	1	-
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁶ -----	30	21	20	18	26	15
592	Liquor stores -----	1	-	1	1	-	1
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores -----	18	16	16	12	20	6
5992	Florists -----	1	1	1	-	1	-

¹Excludes SIC 596, nonstore retailers (mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling establishments).

²For all establishments, including those with no payroll.

³Stores in general merchandise, apparel, and furniture major groups, and miscellaneous shopping goods group. These stores specialize in department store merchandise.

⁴Includes sales from catalog order desks.

⁵Includes data not covered by SIC 541.

⁶Includes data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

Table 2. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers and Central Business Districts With 100 Retail Establishments or More: 1977

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix E. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments ¹ (number)	Sales ¹ (\$1,000)	Payroll entire year (\$1,000)	Payroll first quarter 1977 (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)
	Salt Lake City CBD					
	Retail stores ² -----	292	171 295	26 357	6 432	4 325
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	3	555	96	15	13
525	Hardware stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
52 ex. 525	Other -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores -----	6	58 910	9 391	2 356	1 492
531	Department stores ³ -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
533	Variety stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
54	Food stores ⁴ -----	21	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
541	Grocery stores -----	6	746	79	18	20
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	6	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
554	Gasoline service stations -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
56	Apparel and accessory stores -----	53	18 849	3 336	838	506
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	18	8 375	1 649	424	201
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	16	4 872	776	211	198
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	12	4 512	686	171	170
565	Family clothing stores -----	5	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
566	Shoe stores -----	12	3 311	557	127	59
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores-----	21	8 592	1 269	309	153
5712	Furniture stores -----	5	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -----	13	5 187	607	126	82
58	Eating and drinking places-----	83	13 228	3 536	852	1 150
5812	Eating places -----	66	10 895	2 940	688	949
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -----	17	2 333	596	164	201
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	5	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁵ -----	91	28 517	4 710	1 147	619
592	Liquor stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores -----	45	22 865	3 864	927	503
5992	Florists -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers and Central Business Districts With 100 Retail Establishments or More: 1977—Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix E. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments ¹ (number)	Sales ¹ (\$1,000)	Payroll entire year (\$1,000)	Payroll first quarter 1977 (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)
	Ogden CBD					
	Retail stores ² -----	166	67 687	9 984	2 272	1 592
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	5	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
525	Hardware stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
52 ex. 525	Other -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
531	Department stores ³ -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
533	Variety stores -----	-	-	-	-	-
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores -----	-	-	-	-	-
54	Food stores ⁴ -----	8	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
541	Grocery stores -----	-	-	-	-	-
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	7	2 853	344	73	31
554	Gasoline service stations -----	7	2 266	178	44	32
56	Apparel and accessory stores -----	30	9 664	1 740	450	282
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	7	1 742	324	84	53
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	10	3 224	477	151	73
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	8	2 980	420	123	65
565	Family clothing stores -----	5	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
566	Shoe stores -----	7	1 017	147	38	21
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores -----	18	6 070	970	201	127
5712	Furniture stores -----	7	3 134	(D)	(D)	(D)
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -----	10	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
58	Eating and drinking places -----	45	3 212	646	152	211
5812	Eating places -----	26	2 100	416	91	129
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -----	19	1 112	230	61	82
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁵ -----	41	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
592	Liquor stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores -----	27	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5992	Florists -----	4	603	186	28	21

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers and Central Business Districts With 100 Retail Establishments or More: 1977—Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix E. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments ¹ (number)	Sales ¹ (\$1,000)	Payroll entire year (\$1,000)	Payroll first quarter 1977 (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)
	MRC No. 2					
	Retail stores²	113	71 811	10 804	2 842	1 467
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers	8	4 359	638	135	69
525	Hardware stores	-	-	-	-	-
52 ex. 525	Other	8	4 359	636	135	69
53	General merchandise group stores	5	9 231	1 213	278	295
531	Department stores ³	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
533	Variety stores	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	-	-	-	-	-
54	Food stores⁴	8	9 369	926	253	132
541	Grocery stores	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers	3	810	170	40	16
554	Gasoline service stations	4	937	106	24	17
56	Apparel and accessory stores	12	2 035	338	84	70
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers	3	629	117	27	28
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores	3	629	117	27	28
565	Family clothing stores	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
566	Shoe stores	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores	4	222	30	8	12
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores	24	31 483	5 323	1 528	412
5712	Furniture stores	11	26 176	4 330	1 368	330
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores	5	2 454	288	61	25
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores	8	2 833	695	99	57
58	Eating and drinking places	20	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5812	Eating places	17	3 151	719	172	271
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages)	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
591	Drug and proprietary stores	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores⁵	30	8 827	1 019	233	133
592	Liquor stores	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores	18	5 185	732	172	99
5992	Florists	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers and Central Business Districts With 100 Retail Establishments or More: 1977—Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix E. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments ¹ (number)	Sales ¹ (\$1,000)	Payroll entire year (\$1,000)	Payroll first quarter 1977 (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)
	MRC No. 5					
	Retail stores ² -----	101	102 683	11 972	2 825	1 735
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	6	2 503	279	88	37
525	Hardware stores -----	—	—	—	—	—
52 ex. 525	Other -----	6	2 503	279	88	37
53	General merchandise group stores -----	5	42 248	5 425	1 124	718
531	Department stores ³ -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
533	Variety stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores-----					
54	Food stores ⁴ -----	7	17 308	1 829	622	308
541	Grocery stores -----	6	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	17	22 381	1 912	427	175
554	Gasoline service stations -----	4	2 309	84	22	24
56	Apparel and accessory stores-----	9	1 964	216	53	41
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	4	814	66	15	13
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	4	814	66	15	13
565	Family clothing stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
566	Shoe stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores -----	14	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5712	Furniture stores -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -----	8	1 986	250	52	30
58	Eating and drinking places-----	15	3 988	896	194	274
5812	Eating places -----	14	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	4	3 586	453	111	46
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁵ -----	20	2 708	384	84	60
592	Liquor stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores -----	16	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5992	Florists -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Statistics by Kind of Business for Major Retail Centers and Central Business Districts With 100 Retail Establishments or More: 1977—Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For description of MRC boundaries, see appendix E. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments ¹ (number)	Sales ¹ (\$1,000)	Payroll entire year (\$1,000)	Payroll first quarter 1977 (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)
	MRC No. 10					
	Retail stores ² -----	110	186 142	19 583	5 078	1 949
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	6	2 194	335	75	48
525	Hardware stores -----	-	-	-	-	-
52 ex. 525	Other -----	6	2 194	335	75	48
53	General merchandise group stores -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
531	Department stores ³ -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
533	Variety stores -----	-	-	-	-	-
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
54	Food stores ⁴ -----	4	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
541	Grocery stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	45	128 693	12 008	3 219	781
554	Gasoline service stations -----	4	1 217	144	32	20
56	Apparel and accessory stores -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	-	-	-	-	-
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	-	-	-	-	-
565	Family clothing stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
566	Shoe stores -----	-	-	-	-	-
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores -----	12	4 152	434	95	49
5712	Furniture stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -----	7	3 218	341	77	41
58	Eating and drinking places -----	18	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
5812	Eating places -----	13	2 044	486	225	224
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -----	5	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	-	-	-	-	-
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁵ -----	15	2 890	386	78	55
592	Liquor stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores -----	6	659	58	13	12
5992	Florists -----	-	-	-	-	-

¹For all establishments, including those with no payroll.

²Excludes SIC 596, nonstore retailers (mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling establishments).

³Includes sales from catalog order desks.

⁴Includes data not covered by SIC 541.

⁵Includes data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

Table 3. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Cities in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1977

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments ¹ (number)	Sales ¹ (\$1,000)	Payroll entire year (\$1,000)	Payroll first quarter 1977 (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)
	Salt Lake City					
	Retail stores ² -	1 828	884 106	117 942	29 067	19 804
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -	82	28 352	(D)	(D)	(D)
525	Hardware stores -	11	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
52 ex. 525	Other -	51	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores -	27	(D)	18 369	4 409	2 966
531	Department stores ³ -	11	112 623	16 443	3 966	2 602
533	Variety stores -	6	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores -	10	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
54	Food stores ⁴ -	190	129 871	13 051	3 380	2 061
541	Grocery stores -	120	119 125	11 385	2 947	1 640
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -	115	209 657	20 271	5 163	1 455
554	Gasoline service stations -	165	64 531	4 553	1 091	802
56	Apparel and accessory stores -	152	47 814	7 181	1 738	1 204
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -	35	(D)	2 201	564	285
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furniers -	57	17 640	2 507	633	539
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -	45	16 986	2 384	583	502
565	Family clothing stores -	21	10 925	1 336	277	229
566	Shoe stores -	24	(D)	1 011	228	125
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -	15	(D)	126	36	26
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores -	183	82 843	12 248	3 219	1 269
5712	Furniture stores -	49	50 905	8 288	2 314	747
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -	61	7 755	887	262	126
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -	73	24 183	3 073	643	396
58	Eating and drinking places -	462	83 302	22 597	5 339	7 229
5812	Eating places -	401	86 490	21 208	4 998	6 812
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -	61	6 812	1 389	341	417
591	Drug and proprietary stores -	44	(D)	2 563	648	472
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁵ -	428	82 857	(D)	(D)	(D)
592	Liquor stores -	18	14 502	534	120	80
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores -	196	46 395	7 205	1 742	1 078
5992	Florists -	30	5 495	1 492	349	297

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Cities in the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1977—Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments ¹ (number)	Sales ¹ (\$1,000)	Payroll entire year (\$1,000)	Payroll first quarter 1977 (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)
	Ogden					
	Retail stores ² -----	642	(D)	38 926	9 163	6 346
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	38	32 021	(D)	(D)	(D)
525	Hardware stores -----	6	(D)	97	15	14
52 ex. 525	Other -----	32	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores -----	11	(D)	7 416	1 681	1 133
531	Department stores ³ -----	5	55 130	7 251	1 644	1 072
533	Variety stores-----	4	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores-----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
54	Food stores ⁴ -----	57	57 587	5 351	1 237	712
541	Grocery stores -----	33	55 589	(D)	(D)	(D)
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	73	102 747	7 894	1 818	746
554	Gasoline service stations -----	61	16 662	(D)	(D)	(D)
56	Apparel and accessory stores-----	51	13 087	2 200	508	366
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	11	2 981	464	138	75
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	15	(D)	469	123	86
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	13	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
565	Family clothing stores -----	7	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
566	Shoe stores -----	16	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores-----	56	10 784	1 566	367	222
5712	Furniture stores -----	9	(D)	462	114	72
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	15	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -----	32	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
58	Eating and drinking places-----	144	23 145	5 717	1 461	1 971
5812	Eating places -----	110	(D)	5 353	1 359	1 833
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -----	34	(D)	364	102	1 138
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	16	(D)	1 231	314	192
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁵ -----	135	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
592	Liquor stores -----	4	4 851	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores -----	67	17 077	2 109	524	307
5992	Florists -----	9	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)

¹For all establishments, including those with no payroll.

²Excludes SIC 596, nonstore retailers (mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling establishments).

³Includes sales from catalog order desks.

⁴Includes data not covered by SIC 541.

⁵Includes data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

Table 4. Statistics by Kind of Business for the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1977

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments ¹ (number)	Sales ¹ (\$1,000)	Payroll entire year (\$1,000)	Payroll first quarter 1977 (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)
	Salt Lake City-Ogden, Utah, SMSA					
	Retail stores ² -----	5 760	2 840 789	330 276	78 827	55 541
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	275	(D)	21 914	5 133	2 355
525	Hardware stores -----	47	16 075	2 085	502	285
52 ex. 525	Other -----	228	(D)	19 829	4 631	2 070
53	General merchandise group stores -----	115	429 692	55 542	12 832	8 761
531	Department stores ³ -----	40	373 877	48 890	11 348	7 552
533	Variety stores -----	31	10 886	(D)	(D)	(D)
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores -----	44	44 929	(D)	(D)	(D)
54	Food stores ⁴ -----	564	558 014	53 543	13 135	8 039
541	Grocery stores -----	324	525 866	49 297	12 094	6 953
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	481	667 360	56 956	13 581	4 848
554	Gasoline service stations-----	581	213 709	13 760	3 350	2 589
56	Apparel and accessory stores -----	450	115 557	16 250	3 882	2 879
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	74	24 322	(D)	(D)	(D)
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and fitters -----	158	37 106	4 802	1 215	1 057
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	121	34 393	(D)	(D)	(D)
565	Family clothing stores -----	79	31 870	(D)	(D)	(D)
566	Shoe stores -----	92	18 025	(D)	(D)	(D)
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	47	4 234	(D)	(D)	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores-----	619	173 767	24 288	5 927	2 699
5712	Furniture stores -----	153	92 139	14 132	3 620	1 364
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	249	27 366	3 423	828	446
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -----	217	54 262	6 733	1 479	889
58	Eating and drinking places-----	1 237	218 179	53 221	12 525	17 651
5812	Eating places -----	1 043	203 216	50 449	11 803	16 757
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages)-----	194	14 963	2 772	722	894
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	144	81 677	(D)	(D)	(D)
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁵ -----	1 294	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
592	Liquor stores -----	48	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores -----	593	114 158	15 443	3 766	2 549
5992	Florists -----	88	11 009	2 694	617	575

¹For all establishments, including those with no payroll.

²Excludes SIC 596, nonstore retailers (mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling establishments).

³Includes sales from catalog order desks.

⁴Includes data not covered by SIC 541.

⁵Includes data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

Table 5. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Business Districts With 100 Retail Establishments or More: 1972

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For CBD boundaries, see maps in 1972 report]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments ¹ (number)	Sales ¹ (\$1,000)	Payroll entire year (\$1,000)	Payroll first quarter 1977 (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)
	Salt Lake City					
	Retail stores ² -----	366	143 766	22 838	5 425	5 157
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	9	752	153	32	25
525	Hardware stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
52 ex. 525	Other -----	8	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores -----	7	51 084	9 641	2 224	2 212
531	Department stores ³ -----	4	49 213	9 271	2 133	2 112
533	Variety stores-----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores-----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
54	Food stores -----	15	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	11	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
554	Gasoline service stations-----	7	975	76	21	22
56	Apparel and accessory stores -----	63	14 894	2 274	538	462
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	25	7 276	1 173	287	202
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	20	4 924	660	152	175
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	15	4 333	549	129	146
565	Family clothing stores -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
566	Shoe stores -----	14	2 523	426	99	85
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores -----	37	11 327	1 672	423	299
5712	Furniture stores -----	12	6 047	1 019	259	156
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	9	1 232	128	37	36
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores-----	16	4 048	525	127	107
58	Eating and drinking places-----	104	10 759	2 671	646	1 021
5812	Eating places -----	75	8 657	2 263	549	865
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -----	29	2 102	408	97	156
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	7	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁴ -----	106	24 582	3 511	860	693
592	Liquor stores -----	3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores-----	56	15 818	2 268	570	493
5992	Florists -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 5. Statistics by Kind of Business for Central Business Districts With 100 Retail Establishments or More: 1972—Con.

[For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For CBD boundaries, see maps in 1972 report]

SIC code	Kind of business	Establishments ¹ (number)	Sales ¹ (\$1,000)	Payroll entire year (\$1,000)	Payroll first quarter 1977 (\$1,000)	Paid employees for week including March 12 (number)
	Ogden					
	Retail stores ² -----	198	60 257	8 439	1 871	2 020
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	9	7 450	746	122	92
525	Hardware stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
52 ex. 525	Other -----	8	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores -----	7	19 031	2 745	643	691
531	Department stores ³ -----	3	18 655	2 676	626	670
533	Variety stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
54	Food stores -----	8	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	8	2 188	249	73	47
554	Gasoline service stations-----	5	948	155	32	27
56	Apparel and accessory stores-----	41	11 270	1 766	380	420
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	10	3 205	573	127	103
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	13	4 070	534	126	162
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	9	3 810	508	119	157
565	Family clothing stores -----	4	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
566	Shoe stores -----	12	1 272	180	40	43
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	2	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores-----	15	4 835	672	162	151
5712	Furniture stores -----	7	2 728	423	103	92
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -----	7	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
58	Eating and drinking places-----	54	2 683	576	138	256
5812	Eating places -----	31	1 760	388	96	190
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages)-----	23	923	188	42	66
591	Drug and proprietary stores-----	1	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁴ -----	50	11 104	1 449	303	296
592	Liquor stores -----	4	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores-----	27	7 834	1 084	216	226
5992	Florists -----	6	590	97	16	22

¹For all establishments, including those with no payroll.

²Excludes SIC 596, nonstore retailers (mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling establishments).

³Includes sales from catalog order desks.

⁴Includes data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

Table 6. Percent Change in Sales, 1972 to 1977, for Central Business Districts, Cities, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, by Kind of Business

[Data are shown only for areas which have a central business district with 100 retail establishments or more. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Percent change in sales, 1972 to 1977 ¹		
		Central business district	City	Standard metropolitan statistical area
	Salt Lake City			
	Retail stores ² -----	19.1	47.6	71.0
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	-26.2	61.9	(D)
525	Hardware stores -----	106.0	(NC)	(NC)
52 ex. 525	Other -----	-35.6	47.8	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores -----	15.3	(D)	94.1
531	Department stores ³ -----	(D)	23.1	93.6
533	Variety stores -----	-31.1	-34.7	16.8
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores -----	(D)	183.9	(NC)
54	Food stores ⁴ -----	-45.9	44.1	68.3
541	Grocery stores -----	(NA)	42.9	69.4
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	77.1	52.1	74.8
554	Gasoline service stations-----	(D)	80.1	97.6
56	Apparel and accessory stores-----	26.6	67.8	65.3
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	15.1	(D)	27.8
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	-1.1	76.9	52.9
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	4.1	(D)	60.7
565	Family clothing stores -----	(NC)	(NC)	(NC)
566	Shoe stores -----	31.2	49.4	(D)
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	(D)	-20.1	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores-----	-24.1	64.5	72.8
5712	Furniture stores -----	(D)	48.9	41.6
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	(D)	73.8	103.0
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -----	28.1	106.2	(NC)
58	Eating and drinking places-----	22.9	55.6	84.4
5812	Eating places -----	25.9	58.5	91.5
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages)-----	11.0	27.0	22.7
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	-4.6	(D)	-23.3
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁵ -----	16.0	57.0	(D)
592	Liquor stores -----	(D)	37.3	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores-----	44.6	76.7	79.7
5992	Florists -----	96.7	103.3	104.6

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 6. Percent Change in Sales, 1972 to 1977, for Central Business Districts, Cities, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, by Kind of Business—Con.

[Data are shown only for areas which have a central business district with 100 retail establishments or more. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Percent change in sales, 1972 to 1977 ¹		
		Central business district	City	Standard metropolitan statistical area
	Ogden			
	Retail stores ² -----	12.3	(D)	71.0
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	(D)	78.2	(D)
525 52 ex. 525	Hardware stores -----	(D)	-16.8	(NC)
	Other -----	-6.1	78.4	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores -----	(D)	77.2	94.1
531	Department stores ³ -----	(D)	80.3	93.6
533	Variety stores -----	(D)	21.0	16.8
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores -----	(D)	-60.3	(NC)
54	Food stores ⁴ -----	15.8	38.8	68.3
541	Grocery stores -----	(NA)	39.1	69.4
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	30.4	93.7	74.8
554	Gasoline service stations -----	(NC)	65.0	97.6
56	Apparel and accessory stores -----	-14.3	2.2	65.3
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	(NC)	(D)	27.8
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	-20.8	(D)	52.9
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	-21.8	(D)	60.7
565	Family clothing stores -----	43.0	70.3	(NC)
566	Shoe stores -----	-20.0	(D)	(D)
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	-7.0	-52.4	(D)
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores-----	25.5	(D)	72.8
5712	Furniture stores -----	14.9	-0.1	41.6
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	(D)	(D)	103.0
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -----	32.3	81.4	(NC)
58	Eating and drinking places-----	19.7	90.3	84.4
5812	Eating places -----	19.3	(D)	91.5
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -----	20.5	(D)	22.7
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	(D)	(D)	-23.3
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁵ -----	(D)	(D)	(D)
592	Liquor stores -----	(NC)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores -----	(D)	57.4	79.7
5992	Florists -----	(D)	6.9	104.6

¹Data are not adjusted for boundary changes between census years. Sales taxes and finance charges were included in 1972 but not in 1977.

²Excludes SIC 596, nonstore retailers (mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling establishments).

³Includes sales from catalog order desks.

⁴Includes data not covered by SIC 541.

⁵Includes data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

Table 7. Comparative Statistics for Central Business Districts, Cities, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1977

[Data are shown only for areas which have a central business district with 100 retail establishments or more. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Central business district sales as percent of sales of—		Percent distribution of sales		
		City	Standard metropolitan statistical area	Central business district	City	Standard metropolitan statistical area
	Salt Lake City					
	Retail stores ¹ -----	19.4	6.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	2.0	(D)	0.3	3.2	(D)
525	Hardware stores -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	0.6
52 ex. 525	Other -----	1.8	0.3	(D)	(D)	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores -----	(D)	13.7	34.4	(D)	15.1
531	Department stores ² -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	12.7	13.2
533	Variety stores -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	0.4
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores -----	55.4	(D)	(D)	(D)	1.6
54	Food stores ³ -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	14.7	19.6
541	Grocery stores -----	0.6	0.1	0.4	13.5	18.5
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	23.7	23.5
554	Gasoline service stations-----	(D)	(D)	(D)	7.3	7.5
56	Apparel and accessory stores -----	39.4	16.3	11.0	5.4	4.1
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	(D)	34.4	4.9	(D)	0.9
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furners -----	27.6	13.1	2.8	2.0	1.3
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	26.6	13.1	2.6	1.9	1.2
565	Family clothing stores -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	1.2	1.1
566	Shoe stores -----	(D)	18.4	1.9	(D)	0.6
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	35.5	(D)	(D)	(D)	0.1
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores-----	10.4	4.9	5.0	9.4	6.1
5712	Furniture stores -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	5.8	3.2
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	0.9	1.0
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores -----	21.4	9.6	3.0	2.7	1.9
58	Eating and drinking places-----	14.2	6.1	7.7	10.6	7.7
5812	Eating places -----	12.6	5.4	6.4	9.8	7.2
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages)-----	34.2	15.6	1.4	0.8	0.5
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	12.8	(D)	(D)	(D)	2.9
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁴ -----	34.4	(D)	16.6	9.4	(D)
592	Liquor stores -----	(D)	0.2	(D)	1.6	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores-----	49.3	20.0	13.3	5.2	4.0
5992	Florists -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	0.6	0.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 7. Comparative Statistics for Central Business Districts, Cities, and the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area: 1977—Con.

[Data are shown only for areas which have a central business district with 100 retail establishments or more. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text. For definition of SMSA, see appendix D. For CBD boundaries, see maps]

SIC code	Kind of business	Central business district sales as percent of sales of—		Percent distribution of sales		
		City	Standard metropolitan statistical area	Central business district	City	Standard metropolitan statistical area
	Ogden					
	Retail stores ¹ -----	(D)	2.4	100.0	100.0	100.0
52	Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers -----	(D)	3.9	(D)	(D)	(D)
525	Hardware stores -----	62.5	(D)	(D)	0.1	0.6
52 ex. 525	Other -----	21.8	4.1	(D)	9.1	(D)
53	General merchandise group stores -----	44.8	5.9	(D)	16.1	15.1
531	Department stores ² -----	(D)	6.8	(D)	(D)	13.2
533	Variety stores-----	(D)	—	—	0.3	0.4
539	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores-----	(D)	—	—	—	1.6
54	Food stores ³ -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	19.6
541	Grocery stores-----	—	—	—	(D)	18.5
55 ex. 554	Automotive dealers -----	2.8	0.4	4.2	(D)	23.5
554	Gasoline service stations-----	13.6	1.1	3.3	(D)	7.5
56	Apparel and accessory stores-----	73.8	8.4	14.3	(D)	4.1
561	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores -----	58.4	7.2	2.6	(D)	0.9
562, 3, 8	Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers -----	(D)	8.7	4.8	1.0	1.3
562	Women's ready-to-wear stores -----	(D)	8.7	4.4	0.9	1.2
565	Family clothing stores -----	83.8	(D)	(D)	1.1	1.1
566	Shoe stores -----	(D)	5.6	1.5	0.6	0.6
564, 9	Other apparel and accessory stores -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	0.1	0.1
57	Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment stores-----	56.3	3.5	9.0	(D)	6.1
5712	Furniture stores -----	(D)	3.4	4.6	0.9	3.2
5713, 4, 9	Home furnishings stores -----	(D)	(D)	(D)	0.6	1.0
572, 3	Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores-----	50.5	(D)	(D)	1.5	1.9
58	Eating and drinking places-----	13.9	1.5	4.7	(D)	7.7
5812	Eating places -----	(D)	1.0	3.1	6.1	7.2
5813	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) -----	(D)	7.4	1.6	0.6	0.5
591	Drug and proprietary stores -----	4.0	(D)	(D)	3.0	2.9
59 ex. 591, 6	Miscellaneous retail stores ⁴ -----	38.1	5.0	(D)	7.6	(D)
592	Liquor stores -----	(D)	2.3	(D)	(D)	(D)
594	Miscellaneous shopping goods stores -----	(D)	6.6	(D)	(D)	4.0
5992	Florists -----	54.1	(D)	(D)	0.3	0.4

¹Excludes SIC 596, nonstore retailers (mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling establishments).

²Includes sales from catalog order desks.

³Includes data not covered by SIC 541.

⁴Includes data not covered by SIC's 592, 594, and 5992.

APPENDIX A. General Explanation

CENSUS COVERAGE AND METHODOLOGY

Structure and method of enumeration—Firms in the 1977 Census of Retail Trade were divided into the nonmail universe and mail universe. The coverage and the method of obtaining census information from each follow:

1. The nonmail universe consists of firms which were not required to file a regular census return and includes:

a. All nonemployers, i.e., all firms with no paid employees during 1977. Sales information for them was obtained from 1977 Federal income tax records. Although consisting of many firms, nonemployers account for less than 5 percent of total retail sales.

The census included only those retail nonemployer firms which reported a sales volume of \$2,500 or more during 1977 plus firms in operation for less than the full year that reported sales which, if projected to an annual basis, would have reached a total of \$2,500 or more. This treatment is the same as in the 1972 census.

b. Selected small employers, i.e., all business firms with paid employees as shown in the active records of the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) which were subject to payment of Federal Insurance Contribution Act (FICA) taxes. "Small employers" are all those single-establishment firms with payroll below a specified cutoff. Although the cutoff varied by kind of business, small employers generally included firms with one to three employees and represented about 10 percent of total retail sales.

Data on sales, payroll, and employment for employer firms below the cutoff were obtained from the records of the IRS and the Social Security Administration (SSA), except for a 10-percent sample which was included in the mail universe.

2. The mail universe consists of firms for which information was obtained basically by means of a mail canvass and includes:

a. Large employers, i.e., all employer firms above the payroll size cutoff established to separate large from small employers. Within this category, a report of company organization is conducted periodically to identify firms which operated establishments at more than one location and to obtain information on payroll and mid-March employment at each location. The 1976 Report of Company Organization was used as a coverage check in the census. In the census mailing package, firms were sent a form to use in updating the list of establishments with those opened since 1976.

b. The 10-percent sample of small employers referred to in section 1b above.

Method of classifying kinds of business—The retail trade classifications for all establishments were based on the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) Manual.¹ However, the method of assigning these classifications, and the level of detail at which establishments were classified, differed between the nonmail and mail universes as follows:

1. The nonmail universe.
 - a. All nonemployers were classified on the basis of information supplied on the Federal income tax returns. They were coded in less detail than employer firms; therefore, the combined data for all establishments (nonemployer firms plus establishments of employer firms) are presented in less kind-of-business detail than are the data for employer establishments alone.
 - b. Selected small employers were classified on the basis of the most current census kind-of-business classification available from one of the Bureau's current sample surveys or the 1972 census. Otherwise, the SSA classification was used or the IRS classification based on the firm's description of its principal business activity as entered on its IRS business tax return.

If the Census, SSA, and IRS classifications proved inadequate (none corresponded to a 1977 census classification in the detail required for employers), the firm was sent a brief inquiry requesting information necessary to assign a 1977 census kind-of-business code.
2. The mail universe was classified on the basis of answers to questions on sales by merchandise lines and other special inquiries.

COMPARABILITY OF 1972 AND 1977 CENSUSES

The 1972 and 1977 Censuses of Retail Trade were conducted under similar conditions and procedures. However, strict comparability of the data for the two censuses is limited by the following factors:

Geographic areas—The boundaries of a number of areas for which data are shown in the 1977 census are not the same as in the 1972 census because of annexations, other boundary changes, and redefinitions of SMSA's since 1972. In addition, not all areas which qualified for presentation of separate data in one of the census years qualified or existed in both census years (see Geographic Areas Covered in the Introduction).

¹ Standard Industrial Classification Manual: 1972. For sale by Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Stock No. 4101-0066. Price \$6.75. 1977 Supplement. Stock No. 003-005-00176-0. Price 90 cents.

Classifications—In 1977, the calculation to determine the proper kind-of-business classification based on the dominant merchandise line (or the dominant homogeneous group of merchandise lines) was done after excluding all nonmerchandise sales from total sales; in 1972, the calculation was done using total sales, including nonmerchandise sales. As a result, some establishments were assigned a different kind-of-business classification in 1977 than they would have been assigned in 1972. The change was insignificant in most kinds of business.

Sales—The 1972 sales statistics included two items omitted from the 1977 sales statistics:

1. Sales (or other) taxes collected from customers and forwarded to taxing authorities.
2. Carrying charges or other charges for credit.

Studies have shown that these items were substantially under-reported in the 1972 census. Sales taxes and credit charges reported in the 1972 census have been estimated at about \$10 billion for the United States as a whole.

Legal form of organization—In the 1972 census, the legal form of organization was based on data reported directly in the censuses only for establishments of large multiestablishment companies—those with a total company employment of 250 persons or more. (These large firms included information on legal form of organization in their company summary reports.) The legal form of organization of all other establishments was generally decided by the type of IRS business income tax return form they filed; e.g., businesses filing a partnership Federal tax return (form 1065) were assumed to be partnerships.

In 1977, the legal form of organization was determined for establishments in the mail universe on the basis of the response to the legal form of organization inquiry on the census forms. The legal form of organization of nonmail establishments was generally decided by the type of IRS business income tax return form filed.

A later retail trade report, "Establishment and Firm Size," will present data by the following legal forms of organization:

1. Individual proprietorships.
2. Partnerships.
3. Corporations (including non-tax-exempt cooperatives).
4. Other legal forms.

EXPLANATION OF TERMS

Establishments—An establishment is a single physical location at which business is conducted. It is not necessarily identical with a company or enterprise, which may consist of one or more establishments. Census of retail trade figures represent a summary of reports for individual establishments rather than companies. For cases where a census report was received, separate information was obtained for each location where business was conducted. When administrative records were used instead of a census report, no information was available on the number of locations operated. Estimates of this number were

derived from a sample and will be provided in the United States Summary report. Each census report was tabulated in accordance with the physical location at which the business was conducted. The count of establishments in this publication represents the number in business at the end of the year.

When two or more activities were carried on at a single location under a single ownership, all activities generally were grouped together as a single establishment, and the entire establishment was classified on the basis of its major activity and all data for it were included in that classification. However, when distinct and separate economic activities (for which different industry classification codes were appropriate) were conducted under the same ownership at a single location, and when conditions prescribed by the SIC manual for recognizing the existence of more than one establishment were met, separate establishment reports for each of the different activities were obtained in the census.

In the case of leased departments (separately owned businesses operated as departments or concessions of retail business under another ownership, such as a separately owned shoe department in a department store), only a single establishment combining leased departments with the main retail establishment in which they are located is recognized for census purposes. However, when information is obtained from IRS and SSA sources rather than a census report, it is generally not possible to differentiate between leased departments and separate establishments. Leased retail departments located in other than retail establishments (e.g., a gift shop located in a hotel) are considered separate retail establishments.

Sales—Sales include merchandise sold for cash or credit at retail and wholesale by establishments primarily engaged in retail trade; amounts received from customers for layaway purchases; receipts from rental or leasing of vehicles, equipment, instruments, tools, etc.; receipts for delivery, installation, maintenance, repair, alteration, storage, and other services; and gasoline, liquor, tobacco, and other excise taxes which are paid by the manufacturer or wholesaler and passed on to the retailer.

Sales are net after deductions for refunds and allowances for merchandise returned by customers. Trade-in allowances are not deducted from total sales. Total sales do not include carrying or other credit charges; sales (or other) taxes collected from customers and forwarded to taxing authorities; commissions from vending machine operators; and nonoperating income from such sources as investments, rental or sale of real estate, etc.

Sales in this report do not include retail sales made by manufacturers, wholesalers, service establishments, or other businesses whose primary activity is other than retail trade. They do include receipts other than from the sale of merchandise at retail (e.g., service receipts, sales to industrial users, and sales to other retailers) by establishments primarily engaged in retail trade.

Although the count of establishments in this report represents the number in business at the end of the year, the sales figures include sales of all establishments in business at any time during the year.

Payroll entire year—Payroll includes all forms of compensation, such as salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses, vacation allowances, sick leave pay, and the value of payments in kind (e.g., free meals and lodgings), paid during the year to all employees. Tips and gratuities received by employees from patrons and reported to employers are included. For corporations, it includes amounts paid to officers and executives; for unincorporated businesses, it does not include profit or other compensation of proprietors or partners. Payroll is reported before deductions for social security, income tax, insurance, union dues, etc. This definition of payroll is the same as that used by the Internal Revenue Service for form 941.

Payroll first quarter—This item consists of payroll, as defined above, paid to persons employed at any time during the quarter January to March 1977.

Paid employees for week including March 12—Paid employees consist of the full-time and part-time employees, including salaried officers and executives of corporations, who were on the payroll in the pay period including March 12, 1977. Included are employees on paid sick leave, paid holidays, and paid vacations; not included are proprietors and partners of unincorporated businesses. The definition of paid employees is the same as that used on IRS form 941.

Central administrative offices and auxiliaries—Each company included in this census was asked to identify and report separately as "central administrative offices" or "auxiliaries" those locations whose primary functions were to manage, administer, service, or support the activities of the other establishments of the company. Data for such central administrative offices and auxiliaries which primarily service retail establishments will be presented in a subsequent report issued as part of the 1977 Enterprise Statistics series of reports.

KIND-OF-BUSINESS CLASSIFICATIONS

Retail trade, major groups 52 through 59 in the 1972 SIC manual, includes establishments engaged in selling merchandise for personal or household consumption and in rendering services incidental to the sale of the goods. Exceptions are necessitated by trade practices. For example, lumber yards and paint, glass, and wallpaper stores are included in retail trade if they sell to the general public, even if a higher proportion of their sales is made to contractors. Establishments engaged in selling products to the general public from displayed merchandise, such as typewriters, stationery, or gasoline, are classified in retail trade even though such products may not be used for personal or household consumption. However, establishments that sell exclusively to business establishments, institutional and industrial users, or contractors are classified in wholesale trade.

Other important characteristics of retail trade establishments are that they are usually fixed places of business; they are engaged in activities to attract the general public to buy; they buy or receive as well as sell merchandise; they may process their products, although processing is incidental or subordinate

to selling; and they are considered as retail in the trade. Not all of these characteristics need be present and some are modified by trade practice.

Establishments covered by the census were assigned kind-of-business classifications in accordance with the industry classifications defined in the 1972 SIC manual. When a more detailed classification was needed than that defined in the SIC manual, more kinds of business were identified within an SIC. In general, retail establishments were classified according to the principal lines of commodities sold (groceries, hardware, etc.), or the usual trade designation (drug store, cigar store, etc.).

Kind-of-business classifications are not interchangeable with commodity classifications; most businesses sell several kinds of commodities. The kind-of-business code generally reflects either the individual commodity or the commodity group which is the primary source of the establishment's receipts, or some mixture of commodities which characterizes the establishment's business. Thus, the classification of establishments by kind of business generally does not make it possible to determine either the number of establishments handling a particular commodity or the sales of that commodity. For example, the "food stores" classification excluded stores selling food if the sale of food is not the primary source of receipts; moreover, even though stores are classified as "food stores" some of their receipts may be derived from the sale of nonfood products. (Some indication of the extent to which various broad groups of commodities, or "merchandise lines," are characteristic of different kinds of business is given in the 1977 Census of Retail Trade report, Merchandise Line Sales.)

The basis for the kind-of-business classifications has been described (see Method of classifying kinds of business above). Descriptions of the major kind-of-business classifications used in the Major Retail Centers series of reports follow. All the kind-of-business classifications in the retail major categories are described in appendix A of the 1977 Census of Retail Trade Geographic Area series of reports (RC77-A).

Building Materials, Hardware, Garden Supply, and Mobile Home Dealers (SIC Major Group 52)

This major group includes retail establishments primarily engaged in selling lumber and other building materials; paint, glass, and wallpaper; hardware; nursery stock; lawn and garden supplies; and mobile homes. It includes lumber and other building materials dealers and paint, glass, and wallpaper stores selling to the general public, even if sales to contractors account for a larger proportion of total sales; these establishments are known as "retail" in the trade. Establishments primarily selling these products but not selling to the general public are classified in wholesale trade.

Hardware stores (SIC 525)—Establishments primarily selling a number of basic hardware lines such as tools, builders' hardware, paint and glass, housewares and household appliances, cutlery, and roofing materials, no one of which accounts for 50 percent or more of the sales of the establishments.

General Merchandise Group Stores (SIC Major Group 53)

This major group includes retail stores which sell a number of lines of merchandise, such as dry goods, apparel and accessories, furniture and home furnishings, small wares, hardware, and food. The stores included in this group are known as department stores, variety stores, general merchandise stores, general stores, etc. Establishments primarily engaged in selling used general merchandise are classified in SIC 593, and those selling general merchandise by mail, vending machine, or direct selling are classified in SIC 596.

Department stores (SIC 531)—Establishments normally employing 25 people or more, having sales of apparel and softgoods combined amounting to 20 percent or more of total sales, and selling each of the following lines of merchandise:

1. Furniture, home furnishings, appliances, and radio and TV sets.
2. A general line of apparel for the family.
3. Household linens and dry goods.

To qualify as a department store, sales of each of the lines listed above must be less than 80 percent of total sales. An establishment with total sales of \$10 million or more is classified as a department store even if sales of one of the merchandise lines listed above exceed the maximum percent of total sales, provided that the combined sales of the other two groups are \$1 million or more. Relatively few stores are included in this classification as a result of this special rule and most of those which would otherwise have been classified in the apparel group (SIC major group 56).

Variety stores (SIC 533)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of a variety of merchandise in the low and popular price ranges. Sales usually are made on a cash-and-carry basis with the open selling method of display and customer selection of merchandise. These stores generally do not carry a complete line of merchandise, are not departmentalized, do not carry their own charge service, and do not deliver merchandise.

Miscellaneous general merchandise stores (SIC 539)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of a general line of apparel, dry goods, hardware, homewares or home furnishings, groceries, and other lines in limited amounts. Stores selling commodities covered in the definition for department stores but normally having less than 25 employees, and stores usually known as country general stores are included here. Also included are most catalog showrooms and establishments whose sales of apparel or furniture and home furnishings exceed half of their total sales, providing that sales of the smaller of the two lines in combination with dry goods and household linens account for 20 percent or more of total sales.

Food Stores (SIC Major Group 54)

This major group includes retail stores primarily engaged in selling food for home preparation and consumption. Establish-

ments primarily engaged in selling prepared foods and drinks for consumption on the premises are classified in major group 58, and stores primarily engaged in selling packaged beers and liquors are classified in SIC 5921.

Grocery stores (SIC 541)—Establishments primarily selling (1) a wide variety of canned or frozen foods such as vegetables, fruits, and soups; (2) packaged or bulk dry groceries, such as tea, coffee, cocoa, dried fruits, spices, sugar, flour, and crackers; and (3) other processed foods and nonedible grocery items. These establishments often also sell smoked and prepared meats, fresh fish and poultry, fresh vegetables and fruits, and fresh or frozen meats. Establishments commonly known as supermarkets, food stores, and delicatessens are included if receipts from sales of groceries and food items for off-premise preparation and consumption are 50 percent or more of total sales.

Automotive Dealers and Gasoline Service Stations (SIC Major Group 55)

This major group includes retail dealers selling new and used automobiles, boats, recreational and utility trailers, and motorcycles; dealers selling new automobile parts and accessories; and gasoline service stations selling gasoline and lubricating oils. It includes establishments dealing exclusively in used automobiles, but not establishments dealing exclusively in used parts (SIC 5931). Also included are automobile repair shops maintained by establishments engaged in the sale of new automobiles. Automotive distributors, the greater part of whose sales are to dealers or to institutional or industrial users, are classified in wholesale trade.

Gasoline service stations (SIC 554)—Establishments primarily selling gasoline and automotive lubricants. Usually these establishments also sell tires, batteries, and accessories, and perform minor repair work and services. Establishments called garages but deriving more than half of their receipts from the sale of gasoline and automotive lubricants are included.

Apparel and Accessory Stores (SIC Major Group 56)

Establishments in this major group are primarily engaged in selling clothing of all kinds and related articles for personal wear and adornment. Not included are establishments which meet the criteria for "Department stores" (SIC 5311) or "Miscellaneous general merchandise stores" (SIC 5399) even though most of their receipts are from the sale of apparel and apparel accessories.

Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores (SIC 561)—Establishments primarily selling men's and boys' ready-to-wear clothing and furnishings. Establishments are included in this category if (1) sales of all types of apparel (except as noted in the definition for general merchandise group stores) account for 50 percent or more of total sales and (2) receipts from sales of all men's and boys' apparel are three or more times the receipts from sales of all women's and girls' apparel.

Women's ready-to-wear stores (SIC 562)—Establishments primarily selling women's and girls' ready-to-wear apparel. Establishments are included in this category if (1) sales of all types of apparel (except as noted in the definition for general merchandise group stores) account for 50 percent or more of total sales, (2) sales of all women's and girls' apparel are three or more times the sales of all men's and boys' apparel, and (3) sales of dresses, skirts, slacks, coats, suits, and furs are two or more times greater than the sales of millinery, hosiery, underwear, blouses, handbags, and other apparel and accessories.

Women's clothing and specialty stores and furriers (SIC 562, 563, and 568)—Establishments primarily selling a specialized line of women's and girls' apparel, such as sportswear, beachwear, blouses, hosiery, hats, foundation garments, lingerie, negligees, robes, and fur coats and other fur apparel.

Family clothing stores (SIC 565)—Establishments primarily selling clothing, furnishings, and accessories for men, women, and children, without specializing in any one line. Establishments are included in this category if (1) sales of all types of apparel (except as noted in the definition for general merchandise group stores) account for 50 percent or more of their total sales, (2) sales of all women's and girls' apparel items are not more than three times the sales of all men's and boys' apparel items, and (3) sales of men's and boys' apparel items are not more than three times the sales of all women's and girls' apparel items.

Shoe stores (SIC 566)—Establishments primarily selling shoes and other footwear. Accessories are frequently sold. Included are men's shoe stores, women's shoe stores, family shoe stores, and children's and juveniles' shoe stores.

Other apparel and accessory stores (SIC 564 and 569)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of specialized lines of apparel and accessories not elsewhere classified, such as uniforms, bathing suits, raincoats, riding apparel, sports apparel, umbrellas, wigs, and toupees. This classification also includes children's and infants' wear stores.

Furniture, Home Furnishings, and Equipment Stores (SIC Major Group 57)

This major group includes retail stores selling goods used for furnishing the home, such as furniture, floor coverings, draperies, glass and chinaware, domestic stoves, refrigerators, and other household electrical and gas appliances. Establishments selling electrical and gas appliances are included in this group only if the major part of their sales consists of articles for home use. Dealers primarily engaged in selling antique and secondhand furniture are classified in SIC 593. Stores primarily engaged in selling merchandise but also providing an interior decorating service are classified according to the merchandise handled. Interior designers primarily engaged in advising clients on the selection of interior decorations are classified in SIC 7399.

Furniture stores (SIC 5712)—Establishments primarily selling household furniture, beds, mattresses, springs, and other sleep equipment. Also included in this classification are establishments selling household appliances, phonographs, radios, television sets, and floor coverings provided the receipts from sales of furniture and sleep equipment exceed those from sales of other merchandise.

Home furnishings stores (SIC 5713, 5714, and 5719)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of home furnishings, such as china, glassware, and metalware for kitchen and table use, bedding and linen, brooms, brushes, lamps and shades, mirrors and pictures, venetian blinds, window shades, floor coverings and related products, draperies, curtains, slipcovers, and upholstery material.

Household appliance, radio, television, and music stores (SIC 572 and 573)

Household appliance stores (SIC 572)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of electric and gas refrigerators, stoves, and other household appliances such as electric irons, percolators, hot plates, and vacuum cleaners. Many such stores also sell radios and television sets.

Radio and television stores (SIC 5732)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale and installation of radios, television sets, record players, high fidelity (hi-fi), and sound reproducing equipment. Such establishments also may sell additional lines such as household appliances, musical instruments, or records. Radio and television repair shops are classified in SIC 7622.

Record shops (SIC 5733 pt.)—Establishments primarily selling phonograph records and albums. Related merchandise also frequently is sold in these stores.

Musical instrument stores (SIC 5733 pt.)—Establishments primarily selling musical instruments such as organs, pianos, horns, stringed instruments, and percussion instruments. Other musical supplies also may be sold in these stores.

Eating and Drinking Places (SIC Major Group 58)

This major group includes retail establishments selling prepared food and drinks for consumption on the premises; it also includes lunch counters and refreshment stands selling prepared foods and drinks for immediate consumption. Restaurants, lunch counters, and drinking places operated as a subordinate service facility by other establishments are not included in this industry unless they are operated as leased departments by outside operators. Thus, restaurants and coffee shops operated by hotels are classified in major group 70 and those operated by department stores are classified in major group 53.

Eating places (SIC 5812)—Includes retail establishments which sell prepared foods and beverages for consumption on or near

the premises. Included are restaurants and lunchrooms, social caterers, cafeterias, refreshment places, contract feeding locations, and ice cream and frozen custard stands.

Drinking places (alcoholic beverages) (SIC 5813)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of drinks such as beer, ale, wine, liquor, and other alcoholic beverages for consumption on the premises. The sale of food frequently accounts for a substantial portion of the receipts of these establishments.

Miscellaneous Retail Stores (SIC Major Group 59)

This major group includes retail establishments not elsewhere classified. These establishments fall into the following categories: Drug stores, liquor stores, used merchandise stores, miscellaneous shopping goods stores, nonstore retailers, fuel and ice dealers, florists, cigar stores and stands, news dealers and newsstands, and miscellaneous retail stores not elsewhere classified.

Drug and proprietary stores (SIC 591)—Drug stores are establishments engaged in the retail sale of prescription drugs and patent medicines. They may carry a number of related lines, such as cosmetics, toiletries, tobacco, and novelty merchandise, and may operate a soda fountain or lunch counter. These stores are classified on the basis of their usual trade designation rather than on a strict interpretation of commodities handled.

Proprietary stores are establishments generally selling the same merchandise as drug stores, except that prescriptions are not filled and sold.

Liquor stores (SIC 592)—Establishments primarily selling packaged alcoholic beverages such as ale, beer, wine, and whiskey for consumption off the premises. Liquor stores operated by States, counties, and municipalities are included.

Miscellaneous shopping goods stores (SIC 594)—Comprises the following industries:

General line sporting goods stores (SIC 5941 pt.)—Establishments primarily selling a general line of sporting goods and equipment for hunting, camping, fishing, skiing, riding, tennis, golf, and other sports; and gymnasium and playground equipment.

Specialty line sporting goods stores (SIC 5941 pt.)—Establishments specializing in a maximum of four lines of sporting goods and equipment such as guns, bicycles, skiing, golfing, bowling, and billiards equipment. (In the 1972 census, specialty sporting goods stores were defined as establishments specializing in only one line of sporting goods.)

Book stores (SIC 5942)—Establishments primarily selling new books and periodicals. Stationery and related items may also be sold. Book clubs (not engaged in publishing) primarily selling new books through the mail are included in "mail order houses" (SIC 5961).

Stationery stores (SIC 5943)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of stationery such as paper and paper products (including printing and engraving), post cards, novelties, and school and office supplies. Stores specializing in the sale of artists' supplies are classified in SIC 5999.

Jewelry stores (SIC 5944)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of any combination of the lines of jewelry, such as diamonds and other precious stones; rings, bracelets, and brooches; sterling and plated silverware; and watches and clocks. Stores primarily engaged in watch and jewelry repair are classified in SIC 7631.

Hobby, toy, and game shops (SIC 5945)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of toys, games, and hobby kits and supplies. Establishments primarily engaged in selling artists' supplies or collectors' items, such as coins, stamps, and autographs, are classified in SIC 5999.

Camera and photographic supply stores (SIC 5946)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of cameras, film, and other photographic supplies and equipment. Establishments primarily engaged in finishing films are classified in SIC 7395.

Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops (SIC 5947)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of combined lines of gifts and novelty merchandise, souvenirs, and miscellaneous small art goods such as greeting cards and holiday decorations.

Luggage and leather goods stores (SIC 5948)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of luggage, trunks, and leather goods.

Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores (SIC 5949)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of sewing supplies, fabrics, patterns, and other needlework accessories.

Florists (SIC 5992)—Establishments primarily engaged in the retail sale of cut flowers and growing plants. Stores primarily engaged in selling seeds, bulbs, and nursery stock are classified in SIC 5261, and greenhouses and nurseries primarily engaged in growing, in SIC 0181.

Nonstore retailers (SIC 596)—The establishments primarily engaged in these activities are not included in the Major Retail Centers series of reports, but are included in all other 1977 Census of Retail Trade publications. Included in this classification are mail order houses, automatic merchandising machine operators, and direct selling (house-to-house) establishments. (Data presented for direct selling establishments are limited to establishments with payroll.)

In this census, the sales made at catalog order desks in retail stores were tabulated as part of the stores' sales rather than as part of the sales of the mail order house. This conforms with the treatment of catalog desks in the 1972 censuses.

APPENDIX B. General Questions

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
BUREAU OF THE CENSUS

1977 CENSUS OF DISTRIBUTIVE TRADES (RETAIL)

Important - PLEASE READ ALL ACCOMPANYING INSTRUCTIONS

Please complete this
form and RETURN TO

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
1201 East Tenth Street
Jeffersonville, Indiana 47132

Census use only

Unit No.	Item code	Unit No.	Item code	Unit No.	Item code

NOTICE — Response to this inquiry is required by law (title 13, U.S. Code). By the same law, your report to the Census Bureau is confidential. It may be seen only by sworn Census employees and may be used only for statistical purposes. The law also provides that copies retained in your files are immune from legal process.

In correspondence pertaining to this report,
please refer to this Census File Number

Employer Identification
Number

Please correct errors in name, address and ZIP code. ENTER street and number if not shown.

► **Item 1 — PHYSICAL LOCATION OF ESTABLISHMENT** — In order to assign this establishment to the correct geographic area, the Bureau of the Census must know the actual location which may differ from the mailing address. Complete items e through g.

a. Address number and street name of physical location — If not known, enter building name, shopping center name, or other physical location description.
Do not enter P.O. box or rural route.

Mark (X) for a, b, c, and d if same as mailing label; If different show corrections.

Same as []
mailing
label OR ►

b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc. of physical location

Same as []
mailing
label OR ►

c. State

Same as []
mailing
label OR ►

d. ZIP code

Same as []
mailing
label OR ►

e. Type of
municipality
indicated in 1b 1 [] City 4 [] Borough 7 [] Other — Specify _____
2 [] Town 5 [] Township

Mark (X) one 3 [] Village 6 [] Unincorporated 8 [] Don't know

f. Is this establishment located inside the legal boundaries
of the city, town, village, etc., indicated in 1b?

NOTE — The area served by a post office generally does
not coincide with the legal boundaries of the municipality
from which the post office takes its name.

g. Name of county (Louisiana parish) of physical location

► **Item 2 — EMPLOYER IDENTIFICATION NUMBER**

Is the Employer Identification (EI) Number printed in the upper right of
the address box the SAME as that used for this establishment on its latest
1977 Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, Treasury Form 941?

► **Item 3 — OPERATIONAL STATUS**

a. Mark (X) the ONE box which best describes this establishment at the end of 1977.

- 001 1 [] In operation
- 2 [] Temporarily or seasonally inactive
- 3 [] Ceased operation — Give date → Figures only
- 4 [] Sold or leased to } Give date → AND name, etc.

Month	Day	Year

Name of new owner or operator

Number and street

City State ZIP code

b. How many months during 1977 did this firm or organization
actively operate this establishment?

Number of months
002

YES

(9 digits)

NO — Enter current EI number →

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► **Item 4 — ORGANIZATIONAL STATUS**

a. Mark (X) the ONE box which best describes this establishment during 1977.

- 003 1 [] Individual proprietorship

- 2 [] Partnership

- 8 [] Cooperative association

- 5 [] Governmental — Specify _____

- 0 [] Corporation (other than specified above)

- 9 [] Other — Specify _____

Dollar figures should be reported as illustrated. Please be careful to enter the
figures in the correct columns. See example below:

EXAMPLE: If figure is \$1,125,628.28 → • PREFERRED method.....

Acceptable method

► **Item 5 — DOLLAR VOLUME OF BUSINESS IN 1977**

a. Sales of merchandise and other operating receipts
EXCLUDING sales (or other) taxes collected

Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
010		

b. Were sales (or other) taxes collected from customers
and forwarded to taxing authorities?

011	1 [] YES
	2 [] NO

If "YES," report the amount of such taxes
(DO NOT include taxes in 5a above)

Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
012		

c. TOTAL SALES and other operating receipts including
sales (or other) taxes (Sum of 5a and 5b above) →

013		
-----	--	--

► **Item 6 — PAYROLL AND EMPLOYMENT**

a. Payroll

(1) Total ANNUAL payroll in 1977 before deductions

Mil.	Thou.	Dol.
030		

(2) Payroll for the FIRST QUARTER of 1977

031		
-----	--	--

b. Employment — Number of paid employees for the pay period including the 12th of the
month (Include both full- and part-time employees)

032 MAR	033 MAY	034 AUG	035 NOV
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► Item 7 — METHOD OF SELLING — Mark (X) the ONE box which best describes this establishment's principal method of selling.

300
 1 Selling at this establishment 2 Mail order (catalog selling) 3 House-to-house or telephone (direct selling) 4 Operating merchandise vending machines

► Item 8 — DEPARTMENT OR CONCESSION LOCATED IN THE ESTABLISHMENT OF ANOTHER FIRM

a. Is the business at this location conducted as a department or concession (such as a shoe concession in a department store) in an establishment operated by another firm? Mark "YES" If Customers normally consider this operation as part of the establishment operated by another firm, or if sales to customers are billed by that establishment.

1 YES2 NO

b. If "YES," enter the name and description (kind of business) of the establishment which is operated by the other firm.

Name of establishment

Kind of business

302

► Item 9 — DEPARTMENT OR CONCESSION LOCATED IN THIS ESTABLISHMENT

a. Were any departments or concessions, NOT OWNED BY THIS FIRM, operated within this establishment during 1977?
 (Exclude coin-operated amusement or vending machine space leased to others)

304

1 YES →

Enter number — List each one in b below

Mark "YES" If Any department operated by another firm is normally considered by customers to be part of this establishment, or if this establishment bills customers for sales of such departments.

 Any department is operated by a subsidiary firm or the parent firm.2 NO — SKIP to item 10

b. List each department or concession. If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet providing the same information required below.

Line No.	Name of owner or trading name of department or concession (a)	Census use only 306	Kind of business of department or concession (b)	Estimated sales and receipts (Exclude sales and other taxes) (c) Mil. Thou. Dol.	Are sales included in Item 5a? (d)	Is payroll included in Item 6? (e)
				307	308	309
305 1					1 <input type="checkbox"/> YES	2 <input type="checkbox"/> NO
305 2		306			1 <input type="checkbox"/> YES	2 <input type="checkbox"/> NO
305 3		306			1 <input type="checkbox"/> YES	2 <input type="checkbox"/> NO

► Item 15 — OWNERSHIP OR CONTROL — Refer to instructions for definitions of ownership and control.

Enter the company name and address (street name and number, city, State, ZIP code) and EI Number. If more space is needed to list companies, attach a separate sheet.

a. Is this company owned or controlled by another company? 1 YES → 2 NO

Owning or controlling company

EI No. (9 digits)

	—			
--	---	--	--	--

b. Does this company own or control any other company or companies? 1 YES → 2 NO

Owned or controlled company

EI No. (9 digits)

	—		
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► Item 16 — LOCATIONS OF OPERATION

a. Were the operations under the EI Number shown in the mailing label (or as corrected in item 2) conducted at more than one location during 1977? (Including all selling or service locations and any other facilities such as warehouses, administrative offices, etc.)

1 YES — Answer (b) and (c)2 NO — Do not complete (b) and (c) below.
Review your report for completeness and accuracy and return.

Number of locations

b. At how many separate locations were these operations conducted during 1977?

c. List each location — including main location. If more space is needed, attach a separate sheet providing the same information required below.

Census use only	Physical location of each operation Name, address and ZIP code (a)	1977 sales and receipts and annual and 1st quarter payrolls Totals should equal items 5a and 5b and (2)	Number of paid employees for the pay period including the 12th of each month Totals should equal corresponding entries in item 6b (c)	Kind of business of each location Describe (d)
080	Name	Sales and receipts 081	084 MAR	088 Census use only
	Number and street of physical location		085 MAY	
	City	State	ZIP code	086 AUG 087 NOV
				088 Census use only

080	Name	Sales and receipts 081	084 MAR	085 MAY	088 Census use only
	Number and street of physical location	Total annual payroll 082	086 AUG	087 NOV	
	City	1st quarter payroll 083			
	TOTALS (Sum of entries should equal corresponding entries in items 5a and 6 on page 1)	Sales and receipts	MAR	MAY	
		Total annual payroll	AUG	NOV	
		1st quarter payroll			

APPENDIX C. Kind-of-Business Titles and Reporting-Form Numbers

Listed below are retail kind-of-business titles and their corresponding reporting-form numbers. Requests for copies of any of these forms, including the inquiries used to classify establishments by kind of business, should be directed to the Business Division, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

SIC code	Title	Report-ing form CB-	SIC code	Title	Report-ing form CB-
52	BUILDING MATERIALS, HARDWARE, GARDEN SUPPLY, AND MOBILE HOME DEALERS		56	APPAREL AND ACCESSORY STORES	
5211	Lumber and other building materials dealers	52A	5611	Men's and boys' clothing and furnishings stores	56
5231	Paint, glass, and wallpaper stores	52B	5621	Women's ready-to-wear stores	56
5251	Hardware stores	52B	5631 PT.	Millinery stores	56
5261	Retail nurseries, lawn and garden supply stores	52B	5631 PT.	Corset and lingerie stores	56
5271	Mobile home dealers	52C	5631 PT.	Other women's accessory, specialty stores	56
53	GENERAL MERCHANDISE GROUP STORES		5641	Children's and infants' wear stores	56
5311	Department stores	53A	5651	Family clothing stores	56
5331	Variety stores	53B	5661 PT.	Men's shoe stores	56
5399	Miscellaneous general merchandise stores	53A	5661 PT.	Women's shoe stores	56
5399			5661 PT.	Children's and juveniles' shoe stores	56
5399			5661 PT.	Family shoe stores	56
54	FOOD STORES		5681	Furriers and fur shops	56
5411	Grocery stores	54	5699	Miscellaneous apparel and accessory stores	56
5422	Freezer and locker meat provisioners	54			
5423 PT.	Meat markets	54			
5423 PT.	Fish (seafood) markets	54	57	FURNITURE, HOME FURNISHINGS, AND EQUIPMENT STORES	
5431	Fruit stores and vegetable markets	54	5712	Furniture stores	57A
5441	Candy, nut, and confectionery stores	54	5713	Floor covering stores	57B
5451	Dairy products stores	54	5714	Drapery, curtain, and upholstery stores	57B
5462	Retail bakeries—baking and selling	54	5719	Miscellaneous home furnishings stores	57B
5463	Retail bakeries—selling only	54	5722	Household appliance stores	57A
5499	Miscellaneous food stores	54	5732	Radio and television stores	57A
55	AUTOMOTIVE DEALERS AND GASOLINE SERVICE STATIONS		5733 PT.	Record shops	57B
5511 PT.	Dealers with domestic car franchise only	55A	5733 PT.	Musical instrument stores	57B
5511 PT.	Dealers with imported car franchise only	55A			
5511 PT.	Dealers with domestic, import car franchises	55A	58	EATING AND DRINKING PLACES	
5521	Motor vehicle dealers—used cars only	55A	5812 PT.	Restaurants and lunchrooms	58
5531 PT.	Tire, battery, and accessory dealers	55B	5812 PT.	Social caterers	58
5531 PT.	Other auto and home supply stores	55B	5812 PT.	Cafeterias	58
5541	Gasoline service stations	55D	5812 PT.	Refreshment places	58
5551	Boat dealers	55C	5812 PT.	Contract feeding	58
5561	Recreational and utility trailer dealers	55C	5812 PT.	Ice cream, frozen custard stands	58
5571	Motorcycle dealers	55C	5812 PT.	Drinking places (alcoholic beverages)	58
5599	Automotive dealers, n.e.c.	55C	5813		

SIC code	Title	Report-ing form CB-	SIC code	Title	Report-ing form CB-
59	MISCELLANEOUS RETAIL STORES				
5912 PT.	Drug stores	59A	5962	Automatic merchandising machine operators	58
5912 PT.	Proprietary stores	59A			
5921	Liquor stores	59G			
5931	Used merchandise stores	59G	5963 PT.	Furniture, home furnishings, equipment—direct selling	57A
5941 PT.	General line sporting goods stores	59C		Mobile food service—direct selling	58
5941 PT.	Specialty line sporting goods stores	59C	5963 PT.	Books and stationery—direct selling	59B
5942	Book stores	59B	5963 PT.	Other direct selling	59G
5943	Stationery stores	59B		Fuel and ice dealers, n.e.c.	59E
5944	Jewelry stores	59D	5982	Fuel oil dealers	59E
5945	Hobby, toy, and game shops	59B	5983	Liquefied petroleum gas (bottled gas) dealers ..	59E
5946	Camera and photographic supply stores	59B	5984	Florists	59F
5947	Gift, novelty, and souvenir shops	59B	5992	Cigar stores and stands	59G
5948	Luggage and leather goods stores	59B	5993	News dealers and newsstands	59G
5949	Sewing, needlework, and piece goods stores	59B	5994	Pet shops	59G
5961 PT.	Department store merchandise—mail order	53A	5999 PT.	Typewriter stores	59B
5961 PT.	General merchandise, n.e.c.—mail order	53A	5999 PT.	Optical goods stores	59G
5961 PT.	Other mail-order houses	53A	5999 PT.	Other retail stores, n.e.c.	59G

APPENDIX D. Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas

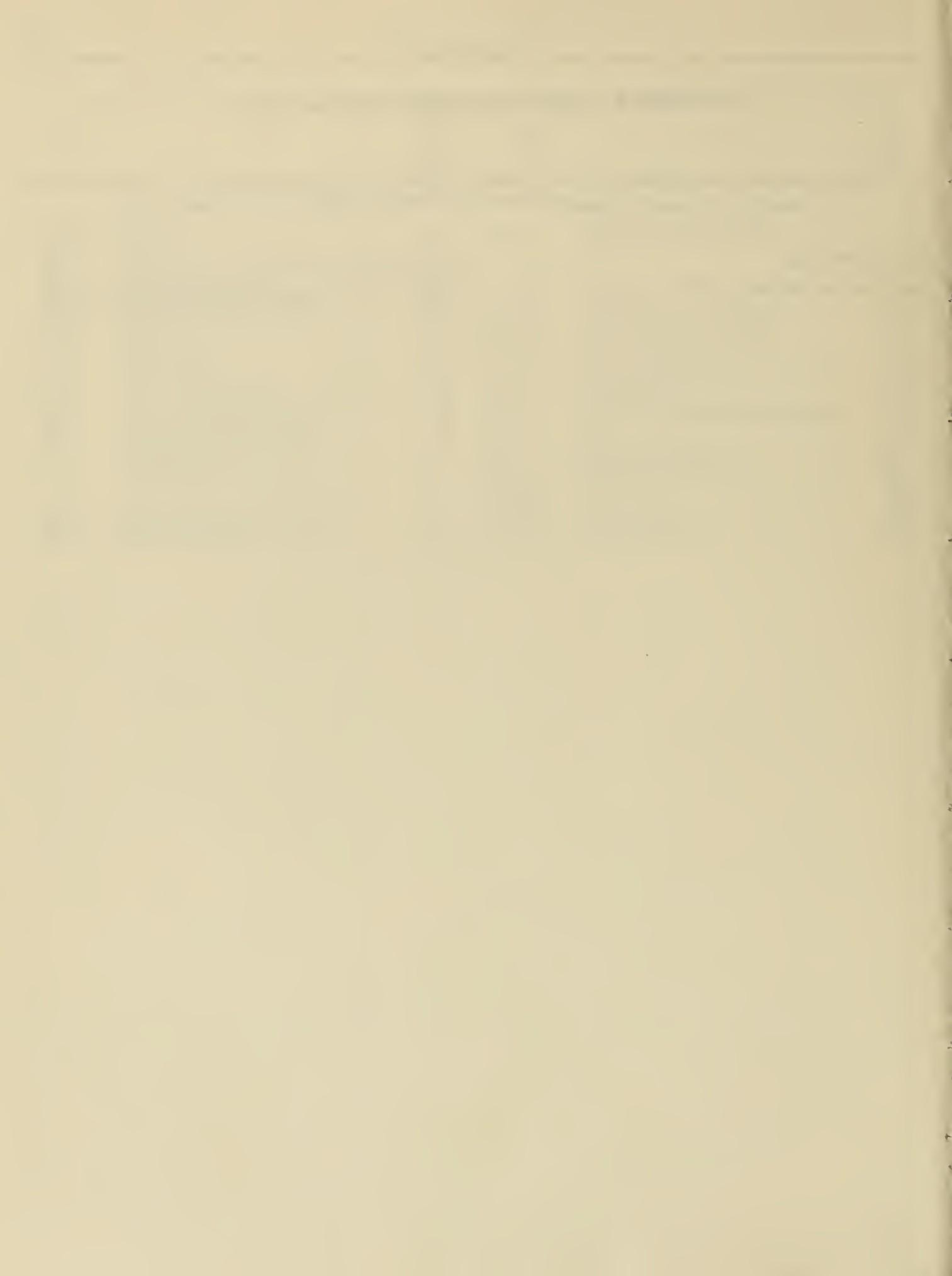
(Titles and definitions of the SMSA's in the State established by the Department of Commerce, Office of Federal Statistical Policy and Standards, as of December 1977)

PROVO-OREM SMSA

Coextensive with Utah County, Utah

SALT LAKE CITY-OGDEN SMSA

Consists of Davis, Salt Lake, Tooele, and Weber Counties, Utah



APPENDIX E. Major Retail Centers

PROVO-OREM, UTAH, SMSA

MRC No. 1—Includes the planned centers known as "Grand Central Shopping Center," "Carillon Square," and "University Mall" and establishments on South State St. from 1150 to 1698. (Orem) (In tracts 11, 12 and 13)

MRC No. 2—Includes the planned center known as "Orem Plaza" and establishments on State St. from 560 North to 100 South and on Center St. from 150 East to 300 West. (Orem) (In tracts 8, 9, 10, and 11)

SALT LAKE CITY—OGDEN, UTAH, SMSA

MRC No. 2—Includes the planned center known as "Sugarhouse Shopping Center" and establishments in the area bounded by 1300 East St., Simpson Ave., and Highland Dr.-1100 East St. and on 2100 South St. from 700–1300. (Salt Lake City) (In tracts 1033 and 1046)

MRC No. 3—Includes the planned center known as "Cottonwood Mall," bounded by Murray Holladay Rd., Memory Ln., Arbor Ln., and Highland Dr. (Salt Lake County) (In tract 1108)

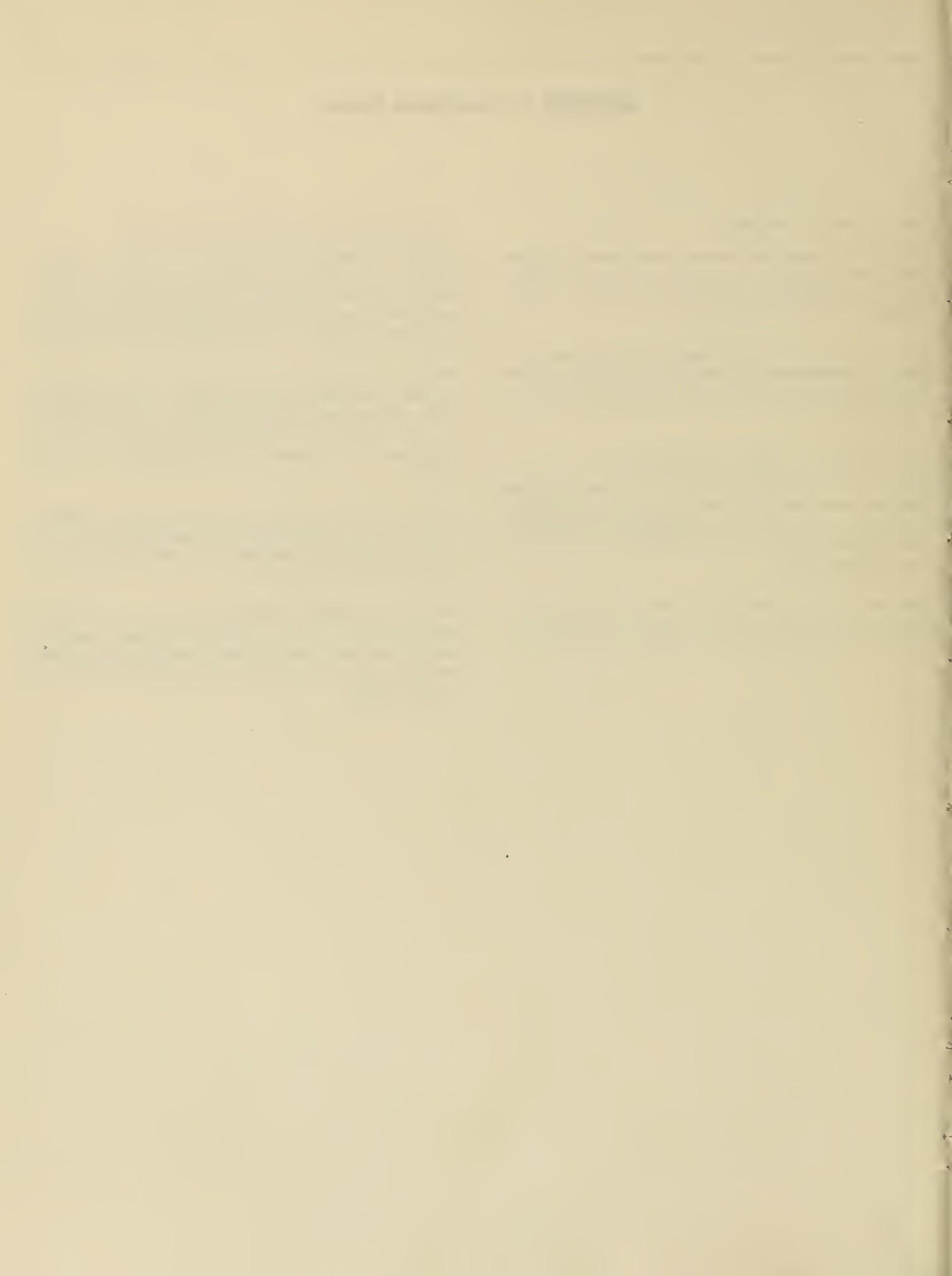
SALT LAKE CITY—OGDEN, UTAH, SMSA—Con.

MRC No. 5—Includes the planned center known as "Newgate Center" and establishments in the area bounded by Harris St., Wall Ave., 31st St., Grant Ave., Harris St., Riverdale Rd., Washington Blvd., Kiesel Ave., 38th St., 37th St., Riverdale Rd., and Pacific Ave. (Ogden) (In tracts 2105.01, 2108, and 2018)

MRC No. 6—Includes the planned centers known as "Valley Fair Mall" and "Granger Shopping Center" and establishments in the area bounded by 3500 South St., I-215, the "Valley Fair Mall" boundary line, 3800 South St., 2700 West St., 3650 South St., and Market St. (Salt Lake County) (In tract 1133.04)

MRC No. 7—Includes the planned center known as "Fashion Place Mall" and establishments in the area bounded by 6100 South St., 300 East St. and 280 East St., 6400 South St., and State St. (Murray) (In tract 1123)

MRC No. 10—Includes establishments on Main St. from 6th St. South to Belmont Ave., on State St. from 6th St. South to Belmont Ave., and on 6th, 7th, 8th, and 9th Sts. South between Main St. and State St. (Salt Lake City) (In tracts 1023, 1024, 1029, and 1030)



APPENDIX F. Major Retail Center Delineation by Geographic Areas

[Delineation identification symbols: "CSAC"—Census Statistical Areas Committee, "F"—Bureau of the Census, Field Division, and "N"—no delineation since area had no MRC's in 1977. For definition of each SMSA, see appendix D]

AREA	MRC DELINEATOR
Provo-Orem SMSA	CSAC
Salt Lake City-Ogden SMSA	CSAC

PUBLICATION PROGRAM

1977 CENSUS OF RETAIL TRADE

Publications of the 1977 Census of Retail Trade, containing data on retail establishments in the United States, are described below. Publications order forms for the specific reports may be obtained from any Department of Commerce district office or from Subscriber Services Section (Publications), Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

Advance geographic area data from the 1977 census were issued in press releases. Final detailed statistics are issued in separate paperbound reports. These reports subsequently are assembled and reissued in cloth-bound volumes.

Final Reports

Geographic Area series—52 reports (RC77-A-1 to -52)

A separate paperbound report is being published for each State, the District of Columbia, and the United States. Each report contains general statistics on number of establishments, sales, payroll, employment, and number of proprietorships and partnerships for the State by detailed kinds of business; and for SMSA's, all counties, and cities with 500 retail establishments or more by kind-of-business detail appropriate to the size of the area. For all cities of 2,500 inhabitants or more and for all counties, in addition to the above census data items for total retail trade, statistics are furnished on number of establishments and sales for the 10 major kind-of-business groups. For each State, 1972 and 1977 comparisons show sales per establishment, sales per employee, payroll per employee, and number of employees per establishment as well as percent changes in sales, payroll, and employment between 1972 and 1977. Also published (for 1977 only) are sales per capita and the number of inhabitants per establishment.

Subject series—2 reports (RC77-S-1 and -2)

The first report (RC77-S-1) presents data based on size of establishment, size of company or firm (firm size is based on all establishments operated by a firm within the same kind of business, or kind-of-business group, for which data are presented), and legal form of organization. Establishment statistics are presented by sales size and by employment size; statistics for firms, by sales size (including concentration by largest firms), by employment size, and by number of establishments operated (single units and multiunits). Statistics are presented, by kind of business, on the number of establishments, sales, payroll, and employment for the United States.

A miscellaneous subjects report (RC77-S-2) contains data on eating and drinking places, gasoline service stations and liquified petroleum (LP) gas dealers, and other miscellaneous subjects. Data are presented for the United States as a whole and, where feasible, for States and SMSA's.

Major Retail Center series—49 reports (RC77-C-1 to -49)

A separate report is being issued for the District of Columbia and each State, except for Vermont and Wyoming which have no SMSA's. Each report presents statistics by varied kind-of-business detail on number, sales, payroll, and employment for retail establishments.

Data are shown for each SMSA in the State, each central city and all other SMSA cities of 50,000 inhabitants or more, each central business district (CBD), and each major retail center (MRC) in the SMSA. Percent change in sales, 1972 to 1977, and percent distribution of 1977 sales are presented by kind of business for CBD's, cities, and SMSA's in areas which have CBD's with 100 or more retail establishments. Maps show the total area covered, define the CBD's, and locate the MRC's in each SMSA.

Merchandise Line Sales—1 report (RC77-L)

A single report is being issued for the United States. Data for States, SMSA's, and the area within the State outside of any SMSA are to be issued on microfiche on a State-by-State basis. Tables present data for each kind of business for employer establishments, and show for each merchandise line the number of establishments handling the line and their sales of the line; the percentage of total sales of the kind of business accounted for by each of the lines carried; and, for establishments actually handling a specific line, the percentage of their total sales represented by sales of that line. Summary data are also provided for the 31 broad merchandise lines asked of all retailers, including counts of establishments and the amount and percent of the line sold by various kinds of retail businesses.

Final Report Volumes

- Volume I. Retail Trade—Summary Statistics. Includes data previously issued in series RC77-S and RC77-L
- Volume II. Retail Trade—Geographic Area Statistics. Includes data previously issued in series RC77-A.
- Volume III. Retail Trade—Major Retail Centers. Includes data previously issued in series RC77-C.

Microfiche

In addition to microfiche of all "published" retail trade data, some "unpublished" data which are not included in printed reports are available on microfiche.

Computer Tapes

Public-use computer tapes contain the same summary statistics that are found in the published reports. Public-use computer tapes are available for users who wish to summarize, rearrange, or process large amounts of data.

OTHER ECONOMIC CENSUSES REPORTS

Data on wholesale trade, service industries, construction industries, manufactures, mineral industries, enterprise statistics, minority-owned businesses, women-owned businesses, and transportation also are issued as part of the 1977 Economic Censuses. A separate series of reports covers the censuses of outlying areas—Puerto Rico, Virgin Islands of the United States, and Guam. Separate announcements describing these reports are available free of charge from Subscriber Services Section (Publications), Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.

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